

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Permit No.:

VA0022748

Effective Date: August 1, 2011

Expiration Date: July 31, 2016

AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE

VIRGINIA POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

AND

THE VIRGINIA STATE WATER CONTROL LAW

In compliance with the provisions of the Clean Water Act as amended and pursuant to the State Water Control Law and regulations adopted pursuant thereto, the following owner is authorized to discharge in accordance with the information submitted with the permit application, and with this permit cover page, and Parts I and Part II of this permit, as set forth herein.

Owner:

Halifax County Public Schools

Facility Name:

Clays Mill Elementary School

County:

Halifax

Facility Location:

1011 Clays Mill School Drive, Halifax County

The owner is authorized to discharge to the following receiving stream:

Stream:

UT to Mill Branch

River Basin:

Roanoke River

River Subbasin:

Roanoke River

Section:

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Class:

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Special Standards:

PWS

Robert J. Weld, Regional Director
Blue Ridge Regional Office

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EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS.

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During the period beginning with the permit's effective date and lasting until the permit's expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfall 001. This discharge shall be limited and monitored as specified below.

EFFLUENT CHAPACTEDISTICS			DISCHARC	DISCHARGE LIMITATIONS	SNOL		MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	ING
CITCINALINATIO								
à	MON	MONTHLY	WEE	WEEKLY	MINIMIM	MAXIMUM	FREOUENCY	SAMPLE
	AVE	AVERAGE	AVE	AVEKAGE				TYPE
	mg/L*	kg/day*	mg/L*	kg/day*	mg/L*	mg/L*)
Flow (MGD) ^a	Z	NL	Z	NA	NA	NL	5 Days/Week	Estimate
$BOD_5^{b,e}$	30	08.0	45	1.2	NA	NA	1/Month	Grab
Total Suspended Solids ^{b,e}	30	08.0	45	1.2	NA	NA	1/Month	Grab
Ammonia-Nitrogen ^e	4.7	NA	4.7	NA	NA	NA	1/Month	Grab
Total Residual Chlorine (ug/L) ^{d,e}	8.6	NA	12	NA	NA	NA	5 Days/Week	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	Z	NA	Z	NA	6.4	NA	5 Days/Week	Grab
pH (standard units)	Z	NA	Z	NA	6.0	9.0	5 Days/Week	Grab
E. coli (N/100mL) ^d	126 N/1	126 N/100mL **	Z	NA	NA	126 N/100 mL	1/Year	Grab

* unless otherwise noted

NA = Not applicableNL = No limitation, monitoring required.

** Geometric Mean

The design flow of this treatment facility is 0.0072 MGD.

At least 85 percent removal for BOD5 and TSS must be attained for this effluent. a O

There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts. ပ

See Part I.B for additional monitoring and reporting requirements. d.

See Part I.C.9 for quantification levels and reporting requirements. ം

4 weekly samples collected in one month, between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m.

A. GROUND WATER LIMITATIONS/MONITORING

2 and monitored by the permittee as specified below: water from the following site monitoring locations: MW-1 (up-gradient), and MW-2 and MW-3 (down-gradient). Ground water shall be limited During the period beginning with the permit's effective date and lasting until the permit's expiration date, the permittee shall monitor the ground

PARAMETER	LIMITATIONS	UNITS	MONITORING	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS
			FREQUENCY	SAMPLE TYPE
Static Water Level	NA	0.01 FT	1/3 Months	Measured
Specific Conductance	NL	umhos/cm	1/3 Months	Grab
pH (standard units)	6.0	SU	1/3 Months	Grab
Ammonia - Nitrogen	NL	mg/L	1/3 Months	Grab
Nitrate - Nitrogen	NL	mg/L	1/3 Months	Grab
Total Organic Carbon	NL	mg/L	1/3 Months	Grab
Chloride	NL	mg/L	1/3 Months	Grab
Temperature	NL	Э°С	1/3 Months	Grab

NA = NOT APPLICABLE; NL = NO LIMIT, MONITORING REQUIREMENT ONLY

1/3 Months = Monitoring and reporting in accordance with the following schedule: 1st quarter (January 1 – March 31, due April 10); 2nd quarter (April 1 – June 30, due July 10); 3rd quarter (July 1 – September 30, due October 10); 4th quarter (October 1 – December 31, due January 10)

Grab samples - An individual sample should be taken after three (3) well volumes of ground water are removed (allowing the well to recharge between each well volume removed) or until well purging parameters (i.e. pH, temperature, and specific conductance) stabilize to ± 10%. The bailer or hose used should not contaminate samples.

B. ADDITIONAL TOTAL RESIDUAL CHLORINE (TRC) AND E. COLI LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 1. If chlorine is used as the disinfection method, TRC shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:
 - The permittee shall monitor the TRC at the outlet of each operating chlorine contact tank, prior to dechlorination, five days per week by grab sample.
 - b. No more than 2 of all samples taken at the outlet of each operating chlorine contact tank, prior to dechlorination, shall be less than 1.5 mg/L for any one calendar month.
 - c. No TRC sample collected at the outlet of each operating chlorine contact tank, prior to dechlorination, shall be less than 0.6 mg/L.
- 2. The permittee shall report *E. coli* monitoring results on the DMR as specified below:
 - a. If four or more weekly samples are collected during a discharge month, report the geometric mean of the results as the average concentration. Report maximum concentration as "NR" (not required).
 - b. If there are insufficient data to report a geometric mean (fewer than four weekly samples), report the largest single sample value as the maximum concentration. Report the number of samples exceeding the maximum concentration limit in the "No. Ex." Column. Report average concentration as "NR" (not required) and provide an explanation why four weekly samples were not collected.
- 3. If an alternative to chlorine disinfection is used, *E. coli* shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified in Part I.A.1 and B.2 with the exception that the monitoring frequency shall be once per week in every month there is a discharge.

C. OTHER REQUIREMENTS OR SPECIAL CONDITIONS

1. 95% Capacity Reopener

A written notice and a plan of action for ensuring continued compliance with the terms of this permit shall be submitted to the DEQ Blue Ridge Regional Office when the monthly average flow influent to the sewage treatment plant reaches 95 percent of the design capacity authorized in this permit for each month of any three consecutive month period. The written notice shall be submitted within 30 days and the plan of action shall be received at the DEQ Blue Ridge Regional Office no later than 90 days from the third consecutive month for which the flow reached 95 percent of the design capacity. The plan shall include the necessary steps and a prompt schedule of implementation for controlling any current or reasonably anticipated problem resulting from high influent flows. Failure to submit an adequate plan in a timely manner shall be deemed a violation of this permit.

2. CTC, CTO Requirement

The permittee shall, in accordance with the DEQ Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulation (9VAC25-790), obtain a Certificate to Construct (CTC), and a Certificate to Operate (CTO) from the DEQ Office of Wastewater Engineering (for Water Quality Improvement Funded (WQIF) projects) or submitted by the design engineer and owner to the DEQ regional water permit manager (for non WQIF projects) prior to constructing wastewater treatment works and operating the treatment works, respectively. Non-compliance with the CTC or CTO shall be deemed a violation of the permit.

3. Operations and Maintenance (O & M) Manual

The permittee shall review the existing Operations and Maintenance (O & M) Manual and notify the DEQ Regional Office in writing by October 30, 2011 whether it is still accurate and complete. If the O & M Manual is no longer accurate and complete, a revised O & M Manual shall be submitted for approval to the DEQ Regional Office by October 30, 2011. The permittee will maintain an accurate, approved operation and maintenance manual for the treatment works. This manual shall detail the practices and procedures which will be followed to ensure compliance with the requirements of the permit. The permittee shall operate the treatment works in accordance with the approved O&M Manual. This manual shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following items, as appropriate:

- a. Techniques to be employed in the collection, preservation, and analysis of effluent and sludge samples;
- b. Procedures for measuring and recording the duration and volume of treated wastewater discharged;
- c. Discussion of Best Management Practices, if applicable;
- d. Procedures for handling, storing, and disposing of all wastes, fluids, and pollutants that will prevent these materials from reaching state waters.
- e. Treatment works design, treatment works operation, routine preventative maintenance of units within the treatment system, critical spare parts inventory and record keeping; and,
- f. A plan for the management and/or disposal of waste solids and residues.

Any changes in the practices and procedures followed by the permittee shall be documented and submitted for DEQ Regional staff approval within 90 days of the effective date of the changes. Upon approval of the submitted manual changes, the revised manual becomes an enforceable part of the permit. Noncompliance with the O & M Manual shall be deemed a violation of the permit.

4. Licensed Wastewater Operator Requirement

No licensed wastewater works operator is required at this permitted facility.

5. Reliability Class

The permitted treatment works shall meet Reliability Class II.

6. Facility Closure Plan

If the permittee plans an expansion or upgrade to replace the existing treatment works, or if the facility is permanently closed, the permittee shall submit to the DEQ Regional Office a closure plan for the existing treatment works. The plan shall address the following information as a minimum: Verification of elimination of sources and/or alternate treatment scheme; treatment, removal and final disposition of residual wastewater and solids; removal/demolition/disposal of structures, equipment, piping and appurtenances; site grading, and erosion and sediment control; restoration of site vegetation; access control; fill materials; and proposed land use (post-closure) of the site. The plan should contain proposed dates for beginning and completion of the work. The plan must be approved by the DEQ prior to implementation.

7. Sludge Reopener

The Board may promptly modify or revoke and reissue this permit if any applicable standard for sewage sludge use or disposal promulgated under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act is more stringent than any requirements for sludge use or disposal in this permit, or controls a pollutant or practice not limited in this permit.

8. Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Reopener

This permit shall be modified or alternatively revoked and reissued if any approved wasteload allocation procedure, pursuant to Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act, imposes wasteload allocations, limits or conditions on the facility that are not consistent with the permit requirements.

9. Compliance Reporting

a. The quantification levels (QL) shall be less than or equal to the following concentrations:

Effluent Parameter	Quantification Level
Chlorine	0.10 mg/L
Ammonia	0.20 mg/L
TSS	$1.0~\mathrm{mg/L}$
BOD5	5.0 mg/L

The QL is defined as the lowest concentration used to calibrate a measurement system in accordance with the procedures published for the method. It is the responsibility of the permittee to ensure that proper quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) protocols are followed during the sampling and analytical procedures. QA/QC information shall be documented to confirm that appropriate analytical procedures have been used and the required QLs have been attained. The permittee shall use any method in accordance with Part II A of this permit.

b. Reporting

Monthly Average -- Compliance with the monthly average limitations and/or reporting requirements for the parameters listed in subsection a. of this permit condition shall be determined as follows: All concentration data below the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above) shall be treated as zero. All concentration data equal to or above the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above) shall be treated as it is reported. An arithmetic average shall be calculated using all reported data for the month, including the defined zeros. This arithmetic average shall be reported on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) as calculated. If all data are below the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above), then the average shall be reported as "<QL". If reporting for quantity is required on the DMR and the reported monthly average concentration is <QL, then report "<QL" for the quantity. Otherwise use the reported concentration data (including the defined zeros) and flow data for each sample day to determine the daily quantity and report the monthly average of the calculated daily quantities.

Weekly Average -- Compliance with the weekly average limitations and/or reporting requirements for the parameters listed in subsection a. of this permit condition shall be determined as follows: All concentration data below the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above) shall be treated as zero. All concentration data equal to or above the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above) shall be treated as reported. An arithmetic average shall be calculated using all reported data, including the defined zeros, collected within each complete calendar week and entirely contained within the reporting month. The maximum value of the weekly averages thus determined shall be reported on the DMR. If all data are below the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above), then the weekly average shall be reported as "<QL". If reporting for quantity is required on the DMR and the reported weekly average concentration is <QL, then report "<QL" for the quantity. Otherwise use the

reported concentration data (including the defined zeros) and flow data for each sample day to determine the daily quantity and report the maximum weekly average of the calculated daily quantities.

<u>Daily Maximum</u> -- Compliance with the daily maximum limitations and/or reporting requirements for the parameters listed in subsection a. of this permit condition shall be determined as follows: All concentration data below the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above) shall be treated as zero. All concentration data equal to or above the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above) shall be treated as reported. An arithmetic average shall be calculated using all reported data, including the defined zeros, collected within each day during the reporting month. The maximum value of these daily averages thus determined shall be reported on the DMR as the Daily Maximum. If all data are below the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above), then the maximum value of the daily averages shall be reported as "<QL". If reporting for quantity is required on the DMR and the reported daily maximum concentration is <QL, then report "<QL" for the quantity. Otherwise use the reported daily average concentrations (including the defined zeros) and corresponding daily flows to determine daily average quantities and report the maximum of the daily average quantities during the reporting month.

<u>Single Datum</u> -- Any single datum required shall be reported as "<QL" if it is less than the QL used for the analysis (QL must be less than or equal to the QL listed in a. above). Otherwise the numerical value shall be reported.

c. Significant Digits -- The permittee shall report at least the same number of significant digits as the permit limit for a given parameter. Regardless of the rounding convention used by the permittee (i.e., 5 always rounding up or to the nearest even number), the permittee shall use the convention consistently, and shall ensure that consulting laboratories employed by the permittee use the same convention.

10. Sludge Use and Disposal

The permittee shall conduct all sewage sludge use or disposal activities in accordance with the Sludge Management Plan (SMP) approved with the issuance of this permit. Any proposed changes in the sewage sludge use or disposal practices or procedures followed by the permittee shall be documented and submitted for DEQ approval 90 days prior to the effective date of the changes. Upon approval, the revised SMP becomes an enforceable part of the permit. The permit may be modified or alternatively revoked and reissued to incorporate limitations or conditions necessitated by substantive changes in sewage sludge use or disposal practices.

11. Ground Water Monitoring

- a. The permittee shall conduct a statistical evaluation of the ground water monitoring data to determine if the system integrity is being maintained and to indicate if activities at the site are resulting in violations of the Board's Ground Water Standards. A statistical evaluation report shall be submitted to the Blue Ridge Regional Office no later than **November 29, 2011**. This report shall include statistical methods, statistical results, and a discussion of the results.
- b. If the statistical evaluation required in Part I.11.a indicates that the system integrity is not being maintained, or indicates that activities at the site are resulting in violations of the Board's Ground Water Standards, the permittee shall submit a corrective action plan within 60 days of being notified by the regional office. The plan shall set forth the steps to be taken by the permittee to ensure that the system integrity is maintained and the source of the violations

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of the Board's Ground Water Standards is eliminated. Once approved, the plan shall be incorporated into the permit by reference and become an enforceable part of this permit.

c. Unless otherwise exempted under an approved corrective action plan, the permittee shall sample and report in accordance with the approved ground water monitoring plan approved on January 13, 1993, with the following exceptions:

Total phosphorus and fecal coliform are deleted from the monitoring requirements.

The approved plan is an enforceable part of the permit. The purpose of this plan is to determine if the system integrity is being maintained and to indicate if activities at the site are resulting in violations of the Board's Ground Water Standards. Any changes to the plan must be submitted for approval to the DEQ Regional Office.

- d. Ground water monitoring and reporting during each year shall be in accordance with the following schedule:
 - 1st quarter monitoring period: January 1 March 31; due April 10;
 - 2nd quarter monitoring period: April 1 June 30; due July 10;
 - 3rd quarter monitoring period: July 1 September 30; due October 10;
 - 4th quarter monitoring period: October 1 December 31; due January 10.

12. Ammonia and Chlorine Limitation

The effluent limitations for ammonia-nitrogen and chlorine are based on the discharge being intermittent in nature. If the facility discharges more than three (3) consecutive days, this permit may be modified or, alternatively, revoked and reissued in order to address chronic water quality standards.

13. Permit Application Requirement

In accordance with Part II. M. of this permit, a new and complete permit application shall be submitted for the reissuance of this permit no later than **February 2, 2016**.

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CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO ALL VPDES PERMITS

A. Monitoring

- 1. Samples and measurements taken as required by this permit shall be representative of the monitored activity.
- 2. Monitoring shall be conducted according to procedures approved under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 136 or alternative methods approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, unless other procedures have been specified in this permit.
- 3. The permittee shall periodically calibrate and perform maintenance procedures on all monitoring and analytical instrumentation at intervals that will insure accuracy of measurements.

B. Records

- 1. Records of monitoring information shall include:
 - a. The date, exact place, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - b. The individual(s) who performed the sampling or measurements;
 - c. The date(s) and time(s) analyses were performed;
 - d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses;
 - e. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
 - f. The results of such analyses.
- 2. Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five years, the permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip chart recordings for continuous monitoring instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least 3 years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period of retention shall be extended automatically during the course of any unresolved litigation regarding the regulated activity or regarding control standards applicable to the permittee, or as requested by the Board.

C. Reporting Monitoring Results

1. The permittee shall submit the results of the monitoring required by this permit not later than the 10th day of the month after monitoring takes place, unless another reporting schedule is specified elsewhere in this permit. Monitoring results shall be submitted to:

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality Blue Ridge Regional Office 7705 Timberlake Road Lynchburg, Virginia 24502

2. Monitoring results shall be reported on a Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) or on forms provided, approved or specified by the Department.

- 3. If the permittee monitors any pollutant specifically addressed by this permit more frequently than required by this permit using test procedures approved under Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 136 or using other test procedures approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or using procedures specified in this permit, the results of this monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the data submitted in the DMR or reporting form specified by the Department.
- 4. Calculations for all limitations which require averaging of measurements shall utilize an arithmetic mean unless otherwise specified in this permit.

D. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Department, within a reasonable time, any information which the Board may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The Board may require the permittee to furnish, upon request, such plans, specifications, and other pertinent information as may be necessary to determine the effect of the wastes from his discharge on the quality of state waters, or such other information as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes of the State Water Control Law. The permittee shall also furnish to the Department upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

E. <u>Compliance Schedule Reports</u>

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date.

F. Unauthorized Discharges

Except in compliance with this permit, or another permit issued by the Board, it shall be unlawful for any person to:

- 1. Discharge into state waters sewage, industrial wastes, other wastes, or any noxious or deleterious substances; or
- 2. Otherwise alter the physical, chemical or biological properties of such state waters and make them detrimental to the public health, or to animal or aquatic life, or to the use of such waters for domestic or industrial consumption, or for recreation, or for other uses.

G. Reports of Unauthorized Discharges

Any permittee who discharges or causes or allows a discharge of sewage, industrial waste, other wastes or any noxious or deleterious substance into or upon state waters in violation of Part II F; or who discharges or causes or allows a discharge that may reasonably be expected to enter state waters in violation of Part II F, shall notify the Department of the discharge immediately upon discovery of the discharge, but in no case later than 24 hours after said discovery. A written report of the unauthorized discharge shall be submitted to the Department, within five days of discovery of the discharge. The written report shall contain:

- 1. A description of the nature and location of the discharge;
- 2. The cause of the discharge;
- 3. The date on which the discharge occurred;
- 4. The length of time that the discharge continued;
- 5. The volume of the discharge;
- 6. If the discharge is continuing, how long it is expected to continue;
- 7. If the discharge is continuing, what the expected total volume of the discharge will be; and

8. Any steps planned or taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent a recurrence of the present discharge or any future discharges not authorized by this permit.

Discharges reportable to the Department under the immediate reporting requirements of other regulations are exempted from this requirement.

H. Reports of Unusual or Extraordinary Discharges

If any unusual or extraordinary discharge including a bypass or upset should occur from a treatment works and the discharge enters or could be expected to enter state waters, the permittee shall promptly notify, in no case later than 24 hours, the Department by telephone after the discovery of the discharge. This notification shall provide all available details of the incident, including any adverse affects on aquatic life and the known number of fish killed. The permittee shall reduce the report to writing and shall submit it to the Department within five days of discovery of the discharge in accordance with Part II I 2. Unusual and extraordinary discharges include but are not limited to any discharge resulting from:

- 1. Unusual spillage of materials resulting directly or indirectly from processing operations;
- 2. Breakdown of processing or accessory equipment;
- 3. Failure or taking out of service some or all of the treatment works; and
- 4. Flooding or other acts of nature.

I. Reports of Noncompliance

The permittee shall report any noncompliance which may adversely affect state waters or may endanger public health.

- 1. An oral report shall be provided within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The following shall be included as information which shall be reported within 24 hours under this paragraph:
 - a. Any unanticipated bypass; and
 - b. Any upset which causes a discharge to surface waters.
- 2. A written report shall be submitted within 5 days and shall contain:
 - a. A description of the noncompliance and its cause;
 - b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and
 - c. Steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance.

The Board may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis for reports of noncompliance under Part II I if the oral report has been received within 24 hours and no adverse impact on state waters has been reported.

3. The permittee shall report all instances of noncompliance not reported under Parts II I 1 or 2, in writing, at the time the next monitoring reports are submitted. The reports shall contain the information listed in Part II I 2.

NOTE: The immediate (within 24 hours) reports required in Parts II G, H and I may be made to the Department's Regional Office at (434) 582-5120 (voice) or (434) 582-5125 (fax). For reports outside normal working hours, leave a message and this shall fulfill the immediate reporting requirement. For emergencies, the Virginia Department of Emergency Services maintains a 24 hour telephone service at 1-800-468-8892.

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J. Notice of Planned Changes

- 1. The permittee shall give notice to the Department as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility. Notice is required only when:
 - a. The permittee plans alteration or addition to any building, structure, facility, or installation from which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants, the construction of which commenced:
 - (1) After promulgation of standards of performance under Section 306 of Clean Water Act which are applicable to such source; or
 - (2) After proposal of standards of performance in accordance with Section 306 of Clean Water Act which are applicable to such source, but only if the standards are promulgated in accordance with Section 306 within 120 days of their proposal;
 - b. The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants which are subject neither to effluent limitations nor to notification requirements specified elsewhere in this permit; or
 - c. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
- 2. The permittee shall give advance notice to the Department of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements.

K. Signatory Requirements

- 1. Applications. All permit applications shall be signed as follows:
 - a. For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means: (i) A president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy- or decision-making functions for the corporation, or (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, provided the manager is authorized to make management decisions which govern the operation of the regulated facility including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures;
 - b. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
 - c. For a municipality, state, federal, or other public agency: By either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a public agency includes: (i) The chief executive officer of the agency, or (ii) a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency.
- 2. Reports, etc. All reports required by permits, and other information requested by the Board shall be signed by a person described in Part II K 1, or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
 - a. The authorization is made in writing by a person described in Part II K 1;

- b. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.); and
- c. The written authorization is submitted to the Department.
- 3. Changes to authorization. If an authorization under Part II K 2 is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the facility, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of Part II K 2 shall be submitted to the Department prior to or together with any reports, or information to be signed by an authorized representative.
- 4. Certification. Any person signing a document under Parts II K 1 or 2 shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

L. <u>Duty to Comply</u>

The permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the State Water Control Law and the Clean Water Act, except that noncompliance with certain provisions of this permit may constitute a violation of the State Water Control Law but not the Clean Water Act. Permit noncompliance is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit renewal application.

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants and with standards for sewage sludge use or disposal established under Section 405(d) of the Clean Water Act within the time provided in the regulations that establish these standards or prohibitions or standards for sewage sludge use or disposal, even if this permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

M. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee shall apply for and obtain a new permit. All permittees with a currently effective permit shall submit a new application at least 180 days before the expiration date of the existing permit, unless permission for a later date has been granted by the Board. The Board shall not grant permission for applications to be submitted later than the expiration date of the existing permit.

N. Effect of a Permit

This permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or invasion of personal rights, or any infringement of federal, state or local law or regulations.

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O. State Law

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action under, or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any other state law or regulation or under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Clean Water Act. Except as provided in permit conditions on "bypassing" (Part II U), and "upset" (Part II V) nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil and criminal penalties for noncompliance.

P. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under Sections 62.1-44.34:14 through 62.1-44.34:23 of the State Water Control Law.

Q. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance also includes effective plant performance, adequate funding, adequate staffing, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems which are installed by the permittee only when the operation is necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit.

R. Disposal of solids or sludges

Solids, sludges or other pollutants removed in the course of treatment or management of pollutants shall be disposed of in a manner so as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering state waters.

S. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.

T. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

U. Bypass

1. "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility. The permittee may allow any bypass to occur which does not cause effluent limitations to be exceeded, but only if it also is for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation. These bypasses are not subject to the provisions of Parts II U 2 and U 3.

2. Notice

- a. Anticipated bypass. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, prior notice shall be submitted, if possible at least ten days before the date of the bypass.
- b. Unanticipated bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of an unanticipated bypass as required in Part II I.

- 3. Prohibition of bypass.
 - a. Bypass is prohibited, and the Board may take enforcement action against a permittee for bypass, unless:
 - (1) Bypass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage;
 - There were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment should have been installed in the exercise of reasonable engineering judgment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance; and
 - (3) The permittee submitted notices as required under Part II U 2.
 - b. The Board may approve an anticipated bypass, after considering its adverse effects, if the Board determines that it will meet the three conditions listed above in Part II U 3 a.

V. Upset

- 1. An upset constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with technology based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of Part II V 2 are met. A determination made during administrative review of claims that noncompliance was caused by upset, and before an action for noncompliance, is not a final administrative action subject to judicial review.
- 2. A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs, or other relevant evidence that:
 - a. An upset occurred and that the permittee can identify the cause(s) of the upset;
 - b. The permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. The permittee submitted notice of the upset as required in Part II I; and
 - d. The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Part II S.
- 3. In any enforcement proceeding the permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an upset has the burden of proof.

W. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow the Director, or an authorized representative, upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- 1. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- 2. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and
- 4. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act and the State Water Control Law, any substances or parameters at any location.

Permit No. VA0022748 Part II Page 8 of 8

For purposes of this section, the time for inspection shall be deemed reasonable during regular business hours, and whenever the facility is discharging. Nothing contained herein shall make an inspection unreasonable during an emergency.

X. Permit Actions

Permits may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

Y. Transfer of permits

- 1. Permits are not transferable to any person except after notice to the Department. Except as provided in Part II Y 2, a permit may be transferred by the permittee to a new owner or operator only if the permit has been modified or revoked and reissued, or a minor modification made, to identify the new permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the State Water Control Law and the Clean Water Act.
- 2. As an alternative to transfers under Part II Y 1, this permit may be automatically transferred to a new permittee if:
 - a. The current permittee notifies the Department at least 30 days in advance of the proposed transfer of the title to the facility or property;
 - b. The notice includes a written agreement between the existing and new permittees containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility, coverage, and liability between them; and
 - c. The Board does not notify the existing permittee and the proposed new permittee of its intent to modify or revoke and reissue the permit. If this notice is not received, the transfer is effective on the date specified in the agreement mentioned in Part II Y 2 b.

Z. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

VPDES PERMIT FACT SHEET

This document gives pertinent information concerning the reissuance of the VPDES permit listed below. This permit is being processed as a Minor, Municipal permit. The effluent limitations contained in this permit will maintain the Water Quality Standards of 9 VAC 25-260-00 et seq. The discharge results from the treatment of sanitary waste from Clays Mill Elementary School by a lagoon system with aeration, chlorination, and dechlorination. This permit action consists of updating boilerplate, adding bacteria monitoring, and updating ground water monitoring requirements. SIC Code: 4952 & 8211

1.	Facility Name and Address: Clays Mill Elementary School	Physical Location: Clays Mill Elementary School
	P.O. Box 1849	1011 Clays Mill School Drive
	Halifax, VA 24558	Halifax County, Virginia
•	Halliax, VA 24330	·
2.	Permit No. VA0022748	Existing Permit Expiration Date: 7/31/2011
3.	Owner Contact:	Facility Contact
	Name: Paul D. Stapleton	Name: Larry D. Roller
	Title: Superintendent of Schools	Title: Dir. Of Operations & Maintenance
	Telephone No: (434) 476-2171	Halifax County Public Schools
	Address: Halifax County Public Schools	Phone: (434) 572-4346
	P.O. Box 1849	
	Halifax, VA 24558	
4.	Application Complete Date: January 31, 201	
		e: 6/15/2011 Blue Ridge Regional Office
		e: <u> </u>
	Public Comment Period Dates: from	to
		•
	·	
5.	Receiving Stream Name: UT to Mill Branch	River Mile: 0.6
	Basin: Roanoke River Subbasin: Roanoke	·
	7-Day, 10-Year Low Flow (7Q10): 0.0 MGD	1-Day, 10-Year Low Flow (1Q10):0.0 MGD
	7Q10 High Flow months: 0.0 MGD	1Q10 High Flow months: 0.0 MGD
	30-Day, 5-Year Low Flow (30Q5): 0.0 MGD	Harmonic Mean Flow (HM): 0.0 MGD
	30-Day, 10-Year Low Flow (30Q10): 0.0 MGD	
	Tidal? NO	On 303(d) list? NO
		determined to be impaired, the Difficult Creek Watershed it is
		Bacteria TMDL. The Flow Frequency Memorandum is included in
	Attachment C.	
õ.	Operator License Requirements: None	
7.	Reliability Class: II	
3.	Permit Characterization:	
	() Private () Federal () State	(X) POTW () PVOTW
	() Possible Interstate Effect () Interim Lir	mits in Other Document

9. Provide a brief description of the wastewater treatment system.

Discharge Description

OUTFALL NUMBER	DISCHARGE SOURCE	TREATMENT	FLOW
001	Sewage from an elementary school	Stabilization pond followed by chlorination, aeration and dechlorination	0.0072 MGD

A process flow diagram is included in **Attachment A**.

- 10. Sewage Sludge Use or Disposal: Sludge has not accumulated in the stabilization pond to the point of needing disposal. The grease trap is cleaned on an annual basis via a septage hauler who hauls to the South Boston Sewage Treatment Plant for disposal.
- 11. Discharge Location Description: A USGS topographic map which indicates the proposed discharge location, any significant dischargers, any water intakes, and other items of interest is included in **Attachment B**. The latitude and longitude of the proposed discharge is

36° 49′ 55″ 78° 52′ 26″

USGS Topo Map Name: Scottsburg

USGS Topo Map Number: 045D

- 12. Material Storage: There are no materials stored outside.
- Ambient Water Quality Information: The facility discharges into an unnamed tributary to Mill Branch. See

 Attachment C for a summary of the flow frequencies. The UT to Mill Branch is in the Difficult Creek Watershed (VAC-L41R). There is no ambient water quality monitoring data for the intermittent receiving stream and the facility has not discharged in more than five years. Although the receiving stream has not been determined to be impaired, the Difficult Creek Watershed it is included in the downstream Staunton River Bacteria TMDL.
- 14. Antidegradation Review & Comments: Tier 1 _X ____ Tier 2 _____ Tier 3 _____ The State Water Control Board's Water Quality Standards includes an antidegradation policy (9 VAC 25-260-30). All state surface waters are provided one of three levels of antidegradation protection. For Tier 1 or existing use protection, existing uses of the water body and the water quality to protect these uses must be maintained. Tier 2 water bodies have water quality that is better than the water quality standards. Significant lowering of the water quality of Tier 2 waters is not allowed without an evaluation of the economic and social impacts. Tier 3 water bodies are exceptional waters and are so designated by regulatory amendment. The antidegradation policy prohibits new or expanded discharges into exceptional waters.

The antidegradation review begins with a Tier determination. The facility discharges to an unnamed tributary to Mill Branch. This receiving stream is not listed on the 303(d) list and no in-stream data are available that indicate the water quality criteria either have been violated or are barely met. However, the receiving stream critical flows have been determined to be equivalent to 0.0 MGD and the permit contains water quality-based limits for total residual chlorine (full allocation). Therefore, the UT to Mill Branch, at the point of this facility's discharge, is designated as Tier I and no further review is needed. Antidegradation has been addressed by establishing permit limits based on waste load allocations which will result in attaining and/or maintaining all water quality criteria which apply to the receiving stream, including narrative criteria. These waste load allocations will provide for the protection and maintenance of all existing uses.

- 15. Site Inspection: Date: 5/13/2009 Performed by: Stephanie Bowman Attachment D contains an excerpt of the site visit report.
- 16. Effluent Screening & Limitation Development:

DEQ Guidance Memorandum 00-2011 was used in developing all water quality based limits pursuant to water quality standards (9 VAC 25-260-5 et seq). Refer to **Attachment F** for effluent data, wasteload allocation spreadsheets, and Stats program output. See **Attachment G** for historical limits development and historical STATS program output for ammonia. **Attachment H** contains the ground water monitoring data. See **Table II** for a summary and basis for the effluent limitations and monitoring requirements associated with the permit parameters.

Reduced Monitoring:

All permit applications are to be considered for reduction in the frequency of effluent monitoring. Only facilities having exemplary operations that consistently meet permit requirements should be considered for reduced monitoring. To qualify for consideration, the facility should not have been issued any letter of noncompliance (LON), notice of violation (NOV), or unsatisfactory laboratory determinations, or be under any Consent Orders, Consent decrees, Executive Compliance Agreements, or related enforcement documents during the past three years. This facility is not eligible for monitoring frequencies to be reduced due to the following Warning Letters: W2007-01-L1008, W2007-02-1009, W2007-03-1002.

A. Mixing Zone

Since the facility discharges to an intermittent stream with a 7Q10 of 0.0 MGD, there is no stream flow for mixing.

B. Effluent Limitations for Conventional Pollutants

Flow -- The permittee submitted a VPDES Permit Application for a design flow of 0.0072 MGD. The Sampling Schedule Table in the VPDES Permit Manual (Rev. 1/27/2010) shows that flow is to be estimated and shows a recommended monitoring frequency of once per day for facilities of this size. However, since the treatment system typically does not receive flow from the school during the weekend, flow is to be estimated and recorded five days per week.

pH -- The pH limits of **6.0 S.U. minimum and 9.0 S.U. maximum** are required. These limits are based upon the water quality criteria in 9 VAC 25-260-50 for Class III receiving waters and are in accordance with federal technology-based guidelines, 40 CFR Part 133, for secondary treatment. The Sampling Schedule Table in the VPDES Permit Manual (Rev. 1/27/2010) shows a sample type of grab and shows a recommended monitoring frequency of once per day for facilities of this size. However, since the treatment system typically does not receive flow from the school during the weekend, grab samples for pH shall be collected five days per week.

Total Suspended Solids (TSS) -- The Total Suspended Solids limits of a monthly average of 30 mg/L (0.80 kilograms per day) and maximum weekly average of 45 mg/L (1.2 kilograms per day) are technology-based secondary treatment standard limits and are unchanged from previous permit. This complies with 40 CFR 133.105 and maintains water quality standards. The mass limits of 0.80 kd/d (monthly average) and 1.2 kd/d (weekly average) were calculated based on the design flow of 0.0072 MGD. Grab samples shall be collected once per month of discharge in accordance with the recommendations in the VPDES Permit Manual (Rev. 1/27/2010).

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD_5) -- The BOD_5 limits of a monthly average limitation of 30 mg/L (0.80 kilograms per day) and a maximum weekly average limitation of 45 mg/L (1.2 kilograms per day) are technology-based secondary treatment standard limits and are unchanged from the previous permit. The mass limits of 0.80 kd/d (monthly average) and 1.2 kd/d (weekly average) were calculated based on the design flow of 0.0072 MGD. Grab samples shall be collected once per month of discharge in accordance with the recommendations in the VPDES Permit Manual.

Dissolved Oxygen (DO) -- The dissolved oxygen limit of **6.4 mg/l** (minimum) is carried forward from the previous permit. The DO limit is protective of the water quality standard for Class III streams of 5.0 mg/L minimum DO while allowing the BOD5 limit of 30 mg/l. The Sampling Schedule Table in the VPDES Permit Manual (Rev. 1/27/2010) shows a sample type of grab and shows a recommended monitoring frequency of once per day for facilities of this size. However, since the treatment system typically does not receive flow from the school during the weekend, grab samples for DO shall be collected five days per week.

E. coli -- A new *E. coli* monthly average limit, calculated as a geometric mean, of **126 N/100ml** and a maximum of **126 N/100 mL** has been added to the permit. Monitoring will be performed once per year. The monitoring will consist of once per week grab samples during the month monitoring occurs in order to calculate the geometric mean. Previously DEQ has allowed the use chlorine disinfection monitoring requirements as a surrogate for *E. coli*. However, the EPA has questioned the adequacy of the use of surrogate parameters for demonstrating compliance with TMDL wasteload allocations. Consequently, VPDES Permit Manual (Rev. 1/27/2010) Section MN-3 B.2 requires *E. coli* limits in permits with TMDL *E. coli* allocations. The new *E. coli* limit is required to demonstrate compliance with the bacteria wasteload allocation assigned to the facility in the Staunton River Bacteria TMDL (excerpted in **Appendix E**). Compliance with the new *E. coli* limit of 126 cfu/100mL and Part I.C.1 – 95% Capacity Reopener ensures compliance with the bacteria TMDL wasteload allocation of 3.43E+7 cfu/day or 1.25E+10 cfu/year. The TMDL allocation is based on 4 weekly samples collected during a calendar month. If four or more weekly samples cannot be collected, each sample must comply with a maximum limit of 126 cfu/100mL.

C. Effluent Limitations for Toxic Pollutants

Ammonia as Nitrogen -- The WLA spreadsheet was recalculated using updated effluent data and water quality standards. Given that the discharge is intermittent, limit evaluation is performed to protect acute water quality standards. The acute WLA for ammonia of 6.9 mg/L was input into the agency STATS program together with one datum value of 9 mg/l to force the program to calculate a limit. The STATS program determined that an acute-based limit of 6.9 mg/L is needed for ammonia as nitrogen. This calculated limit is less stringent than the permit limit for ammonia due to a change in the water quality standards for ammonia and estimated effluent quality. However, the current ammonia limit of a maximum weekly average and monthly average of 4.7 mg/L can not be relaxed due to anti-backsliding and is continued in this permit. Attachment F contains the spreadsheet used to calculate the stream standards and wasteload allocations and the results of the reasonable potential determination for ammonia (STATS program). Attachment G includes the 2006 WLA spreadsheet and reasonable potential analysis for ammonia that are the basis for the current permit limit. Grab samples shall be collected once per month of discharge in accordance with the recommendations in the VPDES Permit Manual. Should the facility discharge more than three consecutive days, the chronic water quality criterion will need to be addressed (see special condition no. I.C.12).

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Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) -- The facility uses chlorination as the disinfection method. TRC limits are water quality based and are calculated in accordance with Guidance Memo 00-2011 procedures. As an intermittent discharge to an intermittent stream, the reasonable potential analysis uses only the acute WLA. The acute WLA was input into the agency STATS.exe statistical software package together with one datum value of 20 mg/l (in accordance with GM #00-2011) to force the program to calculate the permit limits for TRC. TRC toxic limits for the effluent are a **maximum weekly average of 12 μg/l** and **monthly average of 9.8 μg/l**. See **Attachment F** for the WLA spreadsheet and STATS program output. The previous maximum weekly average limitation of 12.4 mg/L is revised to be expressed in the correct number of significant digits (two significant digits). The Sampling Schedule Table in the VPDES Permit Manual (Rev. 1/27/2010) shows a sample type of grab and shows a recommended monitoring frequency of once per day for facilities of this size. However, since the treatment system typically does not receive flow from the school during the weekend, grab samples for effluent TRC shall be collected five days per week. Should the facility discharge more than three consecutive days, the chronic water quality criterion will need to be addressed (see special condition no. I.C.12).

- 17. Basis for Sludge Use & Disposal Requirements:
 - A Sludge Management Plan was submitted for this facility with the permit application. Sludge has not accumulated in the stabilization pond to the point of needing disposal. The grease trap is cleaned on an annual basis via a septage hauler who hauls to the South Boston Sewage Treatment Plant for disposal.
- 18. Antibacksliding Statement:All limits are at least as stringent as in the previous permit.
- 19. Compliance Schedules:There are no compliance schedules in the reissued permit.
- 20. Special Conditions:
 - a. Additional TRC and *E. coli* Limitations and Monitoring Requirements
 Rationale: Required by Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9VAC25-790. Also, 40 CFR
 122.41(e) requires the permittee, at all times, to properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment in order to comply with the permit. This ensures proper operation of chlorination equipment to maintain adequate disinfection. 9 VAC 25-260-170 establishes bacteria water quality standards. The standards set bacteria monitoring requirements. This special condition is needed to describe requirements for when there is insufficient data (four weekly samples) to calculate a monthly geometric mean of *E. coli* data.
 - b. 95% Capacity Reopener
 Rationale: Required by VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-200 B 4 for all POTW and PVOTW permits
 - c. CTC, CTO Requirement
 Rationale: Required by Code of Virginia § 62.1-44.19; Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9 VAC 25-790.
 - d. O&M Manual Requirement
 Rationale: Required by Code of Virginia § 62.1-44.19; Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9 VAC
 25-790; VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-190 E.
 - e. Licensed Operator Requirement

Rationale: The VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-200 C and the Code of Virginia § 54.1-2300 et seq, Rules and Regulations for Waterworks and Wastewater Works Operators (18VAC160-20-10 et seq.), require licensure of operators.

f. Reliability Class

Rationale: Required by Sewage Collection and Treatment Regulations, 9VAC25-790 for all municipal facilities.

g. Facility Closure Plan

Rationale: Required by Code of Virginia § 62.1.-44.18:3 and the Board's Financial Assurance Regulation, 9VAC25-650-10 et seq.

h. Sludge Reopener

Rationale: Required by VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-220 C for all permits issued to treatment works treating domestic sewage.

i. Section 303(d) List (TMDL) Reopener

Rationale: Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act requires that total maximum daily loads (TMDLs) be developed for streams listed as impaired. This special condition is to allow the permit to be reopened if necessary to bring it into compliance with any applicable TMDL approved for the receiving stream. The reopener recognizes that, according to section 402(o)(1) of the Clean Water Act, limits and/or conditions may be either more or less stringent than those contained in this permit. Specifically, they can be relaxed if they are the result of a TMDL, basin plan, or other wasteload allocation prepared under section 303 of the Act.

j. Compliance Reporting

Rationale: Authorized by VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-190 J 4 and 220 I. This condition is necessary when pollutants are monitored by the permittee and a maximum level of quantification and/or a specific analytical method is required in order to assess compliance with a permit limit or to compare effluent quality with a numeric criterion. The condition also establishes protocols for calculation of reported values.

k. Sludge Use and Disposal

Rationale: VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-100 P; 220 B 2; and 420 through 720, and 40 CFR Part 503 require all treatment works treating domestic sewage to submit information on sludge use and disposal practices and to meet specified standards for sludge use and disposal.

I. Ground Water Monitoring Plan

<u>Rationale</u>: The State Water Control Law, Section 62.1-44.21, authorizes the Board to request information needed to determine the discharge's impact on State waters. Ground water monitoring for parameters of concern will indicate whether the system integrity is being maintained and will determine if activities at the site are resulting in violations of the State Water Control Board's Ground Water Standards.

m. Ammonia and Chlorine Limitations

<u>Rationale</u>: The effluent limitations for ammonia-nitrogen and chlorine, which are contained within the permit, have been based on the discharge being intermittent in nature. The chronic criteria are based on a 96-hour exposure (4 days). Therefore, if the facility discharges more than 3 consecutive days, the

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permit will need to include limits which also consider the chronic water quality criteria for ammonia and chlorine.

- n. Permit Application Requirement
 - Rationale: The VPDES Permit Regulation, 9 VAC 25-31-100 D. and 40 CFR 122.21 (d)(1) require a new application at least 180 days prior to expiration of the existing permit. In addition, the VPDES Permit Regulation, 9 VAC 25-31-100 E.1. and 40 CFR 122.21 (e)(1) note that a permit shall not be issued before receiving a complete application.
- o. Part II, Conditions Applicable to All Permits
 Rationale: VPDES Permit Regulation, 9VAC25-31-190 requires all VPDES permits to contain or specifically cite the conditions listed.

21. Changes to Permit:

Special Conditions Removed:

Indirect Discharges – The VPDES Permit Manual does not recommend this condition for facilities of this type. There are currently no indirect dischargers to this system.

Material Storage - The VPDES Permit Manual does not recommend this condition for facilities of this type.

Special Conditions Added:

TMDL Reopener – The VPDES Permit Manual recommends this condition for all permits.

Special Conditions Updated:

Boilerplate special condition language has been updated to the language recommended in the current VPDES Permit Manual. Additionally, the special conditions have been renumbered.

Additional TRC Monitoring Requirements – This condition is revised to include alternate E. coli limitations and E. coli reporting requirements when there is insufficient data (four weekly samples) to calculate a geometric mean.

Ground Water Monitoring – The frequency of monitoring has been increased to once per three months. A report containing a statistical evaluation of the groundwater data is required. A corrective action report is required if it is determined that the lagoon integrity is compromised or if ground water standards are being violated.

Effluent Limitation Changes: (Table I)

211100170 81	mitation Changes	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
Outfall No.	Parameter Changed	Monitoring Requirement Changed		Effluent Lim	nits Changed	Reason for Change
		From	То	From	То	
001	E. coli – monthly avg (geometric mean)	NA	1/Yr	NA	126 N/100 mL	Monitoring is required to demonstrate compliance with the TMDL wasteload allocation.
001	E. coli – maximum	NA	1/Yr	NA	126 N/100 mL	Monitoring is required to demonstrate compliance with the

	weekly					TMDL wasteload allocation.
001	TRC – weekly average conc.	5d/wk	5d/wk	12.4 mg/L	12 mg/L	The TRC concentration limit is revised to be expressed with 2 sig. digits.

22. Variances/Alternate Limits or Conditions:

The permit does not contain any variances or alternate limits or conditions.

23. Regulation of Users: 9VAC25-31-280 B 9

There are no industrial users contributing to the treatment works.

24. Public Notice Information required by 9VAC25-31-280 B:

All pertinent information is on file and may be inspected, and copied by contacting Kevin A. Harlow at: Virginia DEQ Blue Ridge Regional Office, 3019 Peters Creek Road NW, Roanoke, Virginia 24019; Telephone No. (540) 562-6700, Kevin.Harlow@deq.virginia.gov.

Persons may comment in writing or by email to the DEQ on the proposed permit action, and may request a public hearing, during the comment period. Comments shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the writer and of all persons represented by the commenter/requester, and shall contain a complete, concise statement of the factual basis for comments. Only those comments received within this period will be considered. The DEQ may decide to hold a public hearing, including another comment period, if public response is significant and there are substantial, disputed issues relevant to the permit. Requests for public hearings shall state 1) the reason why a hearing is requested; 2) a brief, informal statement regarding the nature and extent of the interest of the requester or of those represented by the requester, including how and to what extent such interest would be directly and adversely affected by the permit; and 3) specific references, where possible, to terms and conditions of the permit with suggested revisions. Following the comment period, the Board will make a determination regarding the proposed permit action. This determination will become effective, unless the DEQ grants a public hearing. Due notice of any public hearing will be given. The public may review the draft permit and application at the DEQ Blue Ridge Regional Office by appointment.

25. Additional Comments:

Previous Board Action: None.

Staff Comments: None

<u>Public Notice Comments:</u> No comments were received during the public notice.

Other Agency Comments: In their review of the application, VDH noted that the raw water intake for the Town of Clarksville waterworks is located approximately 28 miles downstream from the discharge. VDH recommended a minimum Reliability Class II for the facility.

26. 303(d) Listed Segments (TMDL): This facility discharges to an unnamed tributary to Mill Branch. A downstream TMDL has been established for the discharge of *E. coli*. EPA approved the Staunton River Bacteria TMDL (excerpt in **Attachment E**) on June 22, 2006 for this segment. It contains a WLA for this discharge of 3.43E+7 cfu/day and 1.25E+10 cfu/year. This permit has limits of 126 N/100mL monthly average and 126 N/100mL weekly average for *E. coli* that are in compliance with the TMDL.

BASIS FOR LIMITATIONS OUTFALL: 001 DESIGN FLOW: 0.0072 MGD Table II

() Interim Limitations (x) Final Limitations

Effective Dates - From: <u>Effective Date of Permit</u> To: <u>Expiration Date</u>

			DISCHARGE LIMITS			MONITORING	MONITORING REQUIREMENTS	
PARAMETER	BASIS FOR LIMITS	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Minimum	Maximum	Frequency	Sample Type	<u>'</u>
Flow (MGD)	NA	NI.	NA	NA	NL	5 days/Week	Estimate	Τ.
pH (Standard Units)	1,3	NA	NA	6.0	9.0	5 days/Week	Grab	T
Dissolved Oxygen	3	NA	NA	6.4	NA	5 days/Week	Grab	T
BODs	Н	30 mg/L 0.80 kg/d	45 mg/L 1.2 kg/d	NA	NA	1/Month	Grab	T
Total Suspended Solids	۲	30 mg/L 0.80 kg/d	45 mg/L 1.2 kg/d	NA	NA	1/Month	Grab	T
Ammonia as Nitrogen (NH3-N)	ю	4.7 mg/l.	4.7 mg/L	NA N	NA	1/Month	Grab	T
TRC	3	9.8 mg/L	12 mg/L	NA	NA	5 Days/Week	Grab	$\overline{}$
<u>E. coli (</u> between 10 am – 4 pm)	3,4	126 N/100 mL (Geometric Mean)	NA	NA	126	1/Year (1/week samples during the one month)	Grab	

NA = Not Applicable NL = No Limitations, monitoring only

The basis for the limitations codes are:

Federal Effluent Guidelines: (Secondary Treatment)

Best Available Technology Water Quality Standards Other (Staunton River Bacteria TMDL)

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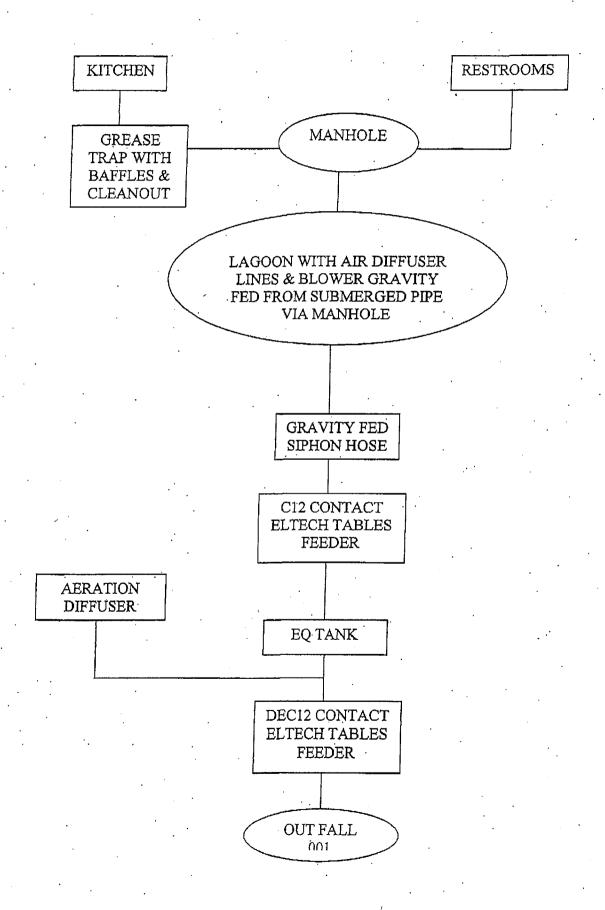
Attachments

- A. Wastewater Treatment Diagram
- B. USGS Topographic Map
- C. Flow Frequency Memorandum
- D. Site Visit Report
- E. Ambient Water Quality Information
 - Staunton River TMDL Report (Excerpt)
- F. Wasteload and Limit Calculations
 - Effluent Data
 - Wasteload Allocation Spreadsheet
 - STATS Program Results
- G. Historical Limit Development
- H. Ground Water Monitoring

Attachment A

Wastewater Treatment Diagram

Clays Mill Elementary School VA0022748

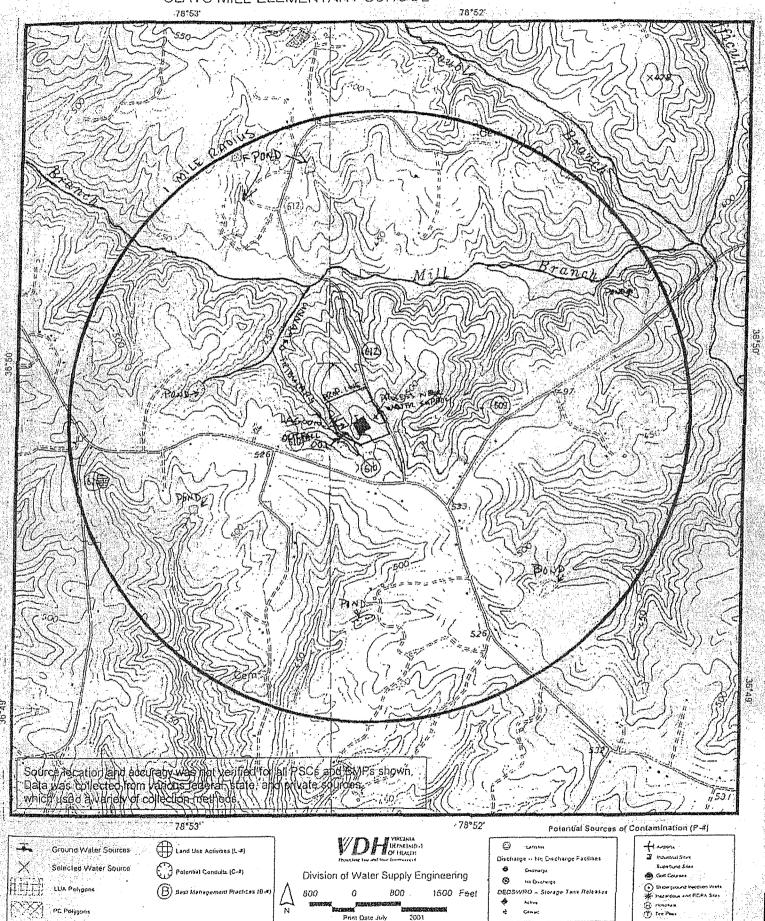


Attachment B USGS Topographic Map

FORM 1. SECTION XI.

SWAP Zone 2 Map

YA 0022748 CLAYS MILL ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT 13 COUNTY/CITY: HALIFAX



Attachment C Flow Frequency Memorandum

MEMORANDUM

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

South Central Regional Office - Water Planning 7705 Timberlake Road Lynchburg, VA 24502 434/582-5120

SUBJECT: Flow Frequency Determination

Clays Mill Elementary School - #VA0022748

TO: Frank Bowman

FROM: Amanda Gray

DATE: August 3, 2010

COPIES: File

The Clays Mill Elementary School discharges to an unnamed tributary of Mill Branch in Halifax County, Virginia. Flow frequencies are required at this site for use by the permit writer in developing the VPDES permit.

The flow frequencies for the receiving stream were determined by inspection of the USGS Quadrangle topographic map. The map depicts the stream as intermittent. The flow frequencies for intermittent streams are 0.0 cfs for the 1Q10, 7Q10, 30Q5, 30Q10, HF1Q10, HF7Q10, HF30Q10 and harmonic mean.

If you have any questions regarding this analysis please feel free to contact me.

Attachment D

Site Visit Report

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

COMPLIANCE INSPECTION REPORT

FACILITY NAME:	INSPECTION DATE:	•	
Halifax County Schools – Clays Mill Elementary	05-13-09		
	INSPECTOR:		
	Stephanie Bowman		
PERMIT No.: <u>VA0022748</u>	REPORT DATE: 06-24-09		
TYPE OF Municipal Major FACILITY: Municipal Minor	TIME OF INSPECTION:	Arrival 12:30	Departure 12:45
□ Federal □ Small Minor □ HP □ LP	TOTAL TIME SPENT (including prep & travel)	8 hours	
PHOTOGRAPHS: ▼ Yes No	UNANNOUNCED INSPECT	ION?	s 「No
REVIEWED BY / Date: Fred T. DiLella		-	
PRESENT DURING INSPECTION: Becky Moorefield, Office Staff	(
			

WL/NOV # : Paraphrase Noncompliance issues	Reported Cause of Noncompliance:	Corrective Action Taken:
N/A	N/A	N/A

INSPECTION OVERVIEW AND CONDITION OF TREATMENT UNITS

VPDES NO. VA0022748

UNIT PROCESS: Ponds/Lagoons

1.	Type:		[X] Aerated	[] Unaerated	[] Polishing	
2.	No. of cells: 1			In operation: 1		
3.	Color:	[X] Green	[] Brown	[] L. Brown	[] Grey	[] Other:
4.	Odor:	[] Septic*	[] Earthy	[X] None	[] Other:	
5.	System operated i	in:	[] Series	[] Parallel	[X] NA	.*
6.	If aerated, are lage	oon contents mix	ked adequately?	[X] Yes	[] No*	[] NA
7.	If aerated, is aerat	tion system oper	ating properly?	[X] Yes	[] No*	[] NA
8.	Evidence of follow	ring problems:				
	a. vegetation in lagb. rodents burrowic. erosiond. sludge barse. excessive foamf. floating material			[]Yes* []Yes* []Yes* []Yes* []Yes*	[X] No [X] No [X] No [X] No [X] No [X] No	
9.	Fencing intact:			[X] Yes	[] No*	
10.	Grass maintained	properly:		[X] Yes	[] No	
11.	Level control valve	es working prope	erly:	[X] Yes	[] No*	
12.	Effluent discharge	elevation:	[X] Top	[] Middle	[] Bottom	
13.	Freeboard: <u>3-4</u> ft.					
14.	Appearance of eff	luent:	[]Good	[] Fair	[] Poor [X] <u>N</u>	lot discharging
15.	General condition:			[X] Good	[] Fair	[] Poor
16.	Are monitoring we	lls present?		[X] Yes	[] No	
,	Are wells adequate	ly protected from	runoff?	[X] Yes	[] No*	[] NA
,	Are caps on and se	cured?		[X] Yes	[] No*	[] NA

Comments: None. No discharge since June 2007.

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INSPECTION OVERVIEW AND CONDITION OF TREATMENT UNITS

VPDES NO. VA0022748

UNIT PROCESS: Chlorination

1. No. of chlorinators: 1	In operation	: 0		
2. No. of evaporators: 0	In operation	: O _.		
3. No. of chlorine contact tanks: 1	In operation	: 0		
4. Proper flow distribution between units:	[]Yes	[] No*	[X] NA	
5. How is chlorine introduced into the wastewater?[] Perforated diffusers[] Injector with single entry point[] Other Tablet Feeder	* .	,		
6. Chlorine residual in basin effluent: N/A mg/L				
7. Applied chlorine dosage: <u>N/A</u> lbs/day				
8. Contact basins adequately baffled:	[X] Yes	[] No*		
9. Adequate ventilation:				
a. cylinder storage area b. equipment room	[]Yes []Yes] NA] NA	
10. Proper safety precautions used:	[X] Yes	[] No*		
11. General condition:	[X] Good	[]Fair	[]Poor	

Comments: Facility was locked and secured at the time of the inspection and no discharge was occurring.

UNIT PROCESS: Dechlorination

1. Chemical used:	[] Sulfur Dioxide	[] Bisulfite	[X] Sodium Sulfite
2. No. of sulfonators: 1	In operation	n: 0	
3. No. of evaporators: 0	In operation	ղ: 0	
4. No. of chemical feeders: 1	In operation	ո։ 0	
5. No. of contact tanks: 1	In operation	ո: 0	
6. Proper flow distribution between ur	nits: []Yes	[] No*	[X] NA
7. How is chemical introduced into the	e wastewater?		
[] Perforated diffusers[] Injector with single entry point?[X] Other <u>Tablet Feeder</u>			
8. Control system operational:	[X] Yes	[] No*	
a. residual analyzers:b. system adjusted:	[] Yes [] Automat	[X] No* ic [X] Manual	[] Other:
9. Applied dechlorination dose: N/A	lbs/day		
10. Chlorine residual in basin effluent:	NA mg/L		
11. Contact basins adequately baffled:	[X] Yes	[] No*	[] NA
12. Adequate ventilation:			
a. cylinder storage area:b. equipment room:	[X] Yes [] Yes		NA NA
13. Proper safety precautions used:	[X] Yes	[] No*	
4. General condition:	[X] Good	[] Fair	[] Poor

Comments: Facility was locked and secure at the time of the inspection and no discharge was occurring.

Permit #	VA0022748
L CHILL #	VA0022140

EFFLUENT FIELD DATA:

Flow	<u>N/A</u> MGD	Dissolved Oxygen	N/A mg/L	TRC (Contact Tank)	N/A mg/L
pН	<u>N/A</u> s.U.	Temperature	N/A °C	TRC (Final Effluent)	<u>N/A</u> mg/L
Wasa	a Sampling Inspection co	onducted?	see Sampling Inspec	ction Report) 🔽 No	

CONDITION OF OUTFALL AND EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTICS:

1.	Type of outfall: Shore based Submerged	Diffuser?	Γ Yes	₹ No
2.	Are the outfall and supporting structures in good co	ondition?	▼ Yes	T. No
3.	Final Effluent (evidence of following problems):	Sludge b	ar	Grease
	Turbid effluent Visible foam	T Unusual	color	┌ Oil sheen
4.	Is there a visible effluent plume in the receiving stre	eam?	T Yes	☑ No
5.	Receiving stream: No observed problems	T Indication	n of problen	ns (explain below)
	Comments: Not discharging at the time of the ins	spection		

REQUIRED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

1. No recommendations at this time.

NOTES and COMMENTS:

1. The last reported discharge occurred in June 2007.

Attachment E

Ambient Water Quality Information

• Staunton River TMDL Report (Excerpt)

Bacteria TMDLs for the Cub Creek, Turnip Creek, Buffalo Creek, Buffalo Creek (UT), and Staunton River Watersheds, Virginia

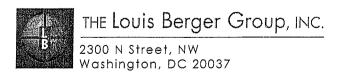
Submitted by

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality

Prepared by



and



5.9 Staunton River TMDL

5.9.1 Staunton River Waste Load Allocation

There are 29 facilities in the Staunton River watershed permitted to discharge bacteria (see Chapter 4). For this TMDL, the wasteload allocation for permitted facilities is to maintain discharge at the design flow limits and bacteria concentrations at their permitted levels of 126 cfu/100mL. **Table 5-15** shows the loading from the permitted point source dischargers in the watershed.

Table 5-15: Staunton River Waste load Allocation for E. coli

Point	Existing Load	Allocated Load	Allocated Load	Percent
Source	(cfu/day)	(cfu/day)	(cfu/year)	Reduction
VA0020451	1.72E+10	1.72E+10	6.28E+12	0%
VA0087106	6.99E+09	6.99E+09	2.55E+12	0%
VA0022241	3.72E+08	3.72E+08	1.36E+11	0%
VA0001678	1.56E+10	1.56E+10	5.69E+12	0%
VA0073733	1.67E+08	1.67E+08	6.10E+10	0%
VA0001538	6.32E+09	6.32E+09	2.31E+12	0%
VA0083402	4.16E+08	4.16E+08	1.52E+11	0%
VA0083399	9.16E+08	9.16E+08	3.34E+11	0%
VA0084433	3.82E+08	3.82E+08	1.39E+11	0%
VA0022748	3.43E+07	3.43E+07	1.25E+10	0%
VA0024058	1.19E+09	1.19E+09	4.34E+11	0%
VA0083097	8.28E+09	8.28E+09	3.02E+12	0%
VA0050822	3.85E+08	3.85E+08	1.41E+11	0%
VA0087238	9.54E+07	9.54E+07	3.48E+10	0%
VA0063738	1.22E+08	1.22E+08	4.45E+10	0%
VA0020869	1.67E+07	1.67E+07	6.10E+09	0%
VA0089052	4.77E+02	4.77E+02	1.74E+05	0%
VA0054577	4.77E+02	4.77E+02	1.74E+05	0%
VA0060909	7.15E+07	7.15E+07	2.61E+10	0%
VA0051721	8.11E+07	8.11E+07	2.96E+10	0%
VA0023515	1.00E+08	1.00E+08	3.65E+10	0%
VA0001490	3.10E+08	3.10E+08	1.13E+11	0%
VA0026051	2.71E+09	2.71E+09	9.89E+11	0%
VA0051446	2.23E+09	2.23E+09	8.14E+11	0%
VA0074870	2.29E+07	2.29E+07	8.36E+09	0%
VAG404017	4.77E+06	4.77E+06	1.74E+09	0%
VAG404081	2.15E+06	2.15E+06	7.85E+08	0%
VAG404106	2.15E+06	2.15E+06	7.85E+08	0%
VAG404143	2.86E+06	2.86E+06	1.04E+09	0%
Total	6.40E+10	6.40E+10	2.34E+13	0%

Allocation 5-19

Attachment F

Wasteload and Limit Calculations

- Effluent Data
- Wasteload Allocation Spreadsheet
- STATS Program Results

Clays Mill Elementary School - VPDES Permit No. VA0022748 DMR Data

Parameter Description	Due Date	L-Avg	L-Avg L-Max C-Min C-Avg C-Max	C-Min	C-Avg	C-Max
AMMONIA, AS N	10-Jun-2007			2000	0.4	0.4
AMMONIA, AS N	10-Feb-2010				0.34	0.34
BOD5	10-Jul-2007	0.11	0.11		4	4
BOD5	10-Apr-2010	0.33	0.33		12	12
CL2, INST RES MAX	10-Jun-2007					
CL2, INST RES MAX	10-Feb-2010					
CL2, INST TECH MIN LIMIT 10-Jun-2007	10-Jun-2007			1.5		
CL2, INST TECH MIN LIMIT 10-Feb-2010	10-Feb-2010			1.6		
CL2, TOTAL CONTACT	10-Jun-2007			1.5		
CL2, TOTAL CONTACT	10-Feb-2010			1.6		
DO	10-Jun-2007			7.7		
DO	10-Feb-2010			9.8		
FLOW	10-Jun-2007	0.0072	0.0072			
FLOW	10-Jul-2007	0.0072	0.0072			
FLOW	10-Feb-2010	0.0072	0.0072			
TSS	10-Jun-2007	0.11	0.11		4	4
TSS	10-Jul-2007	0.85	0.85		31	31
TSS	10-Feb-2010	0.35	0.35		13	13

														,	
90%ile Estimate	7.9	8.9	7.9	7.9	7.7	8.2	8.1	8.1	8.2	8	9.8	8.1	7.7	8.1	
10th %ile Estimate	7.6	6.6	7.6	7.5	7.4	7.8	7.7	7.6	7.8	7.5	8	7.6	7.6	9.7	
pH₌Min pH-max	8	6	8	8	7.8	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.3	8.1	8.7	8.2	7.8	Average	
pH-Min	2.7	6.5	7.5	7.4	7.3	7.7	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.4	6.7	7.5	7.5		
Due Date	10-Jun-2000	10-Sep-2001	10-May-2003	10-Jun-2003	10-Jul-2003	10-May-2004 7.7	10-Jun-2004 7.6	10-Jul-2004	10-May-2005 7.7	10-Jun-2005 7.4	10-Jun-2007	10-Jul-2007	10-Feb-2010		
Parameter Description	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH	PH		

6/15/2011 - 2:29 PM

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Facility Name:

Clays Mill Elementary School

UT to Mill Branch

Receiving Stream:

Permit No.: VA0022748

Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Stream Information		Stream Flows	Mixing Information	: : :	
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) = 90% Temperature (Annual) = 90% Temperature (Wet season) = 90% Maximum pH = 10% Maximum pH = Tier Designation (1 or 2) = Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? = Trout Present Y/N? = Early Life Stages Present Y/N? =	100 mg/L 22 deg C 20 deg C 8 SU 7 SU 1 1	1Q10 (Annual) = 0 MGD 7Q10 (Annual) = 0 MGD 30Q10 (Annual) = 0 MGD 1Q10 (Wet season) = 0 MGD 30Q10 (Wet season) = 0 MGD 4Armonic Mean = 0 MGD Annual Average = 0 MGD	Annual - 10.10 Mix = 100 % - 70.10 Mix = 100 % - 300.10 Mix = 100 % Wet Season - 10.10 Mix = 100 % - 300.10 Mix = 100 %	Effluent Information Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) = 90% Temp (Annual) = 90% Temp (Wet season) = 90% Maximum pH = 10% Maximum pH = Discharge Flow =	100 mg/L 29 deg C 20 deg C 8.1 SU 7.6 SU 0.0072 MGD

Parameter	Background		10,01																	
	Dackground		water UI	water Quality Criteria			Wasteload Allocations	Mocations		₹	Antidegradation Baseline	n Baseline		Antidea	Antidegradation Allocations	tions		Name of the Party		
(ng/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic HH (P)	H (PWS)	 壬	Acute	Chronic	בה יסיאיכי				1		Most Limit	Most Limiting Allocations	S
Acenapthene	0	ı		1.2E+03	2.7E+03	1	') E	2 7E+03	i ama		(CAAA)	HI Acute	1	Chronic HH (PWS)	NS) HH	1 Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	至
Acrolein	0	1	ı	3.2E+02	7.8E+02	ľ	1		7 RF+02		ı	ŀ	1 			i	,	1	1.2E+03	2.7E+03
Acrylonitrile ^c	0	1	١	5.9E-01	6.65+00	ļ	1	; ;	7 C	I		1	1		1	ı	!	,	3.2E+02	7.8E+02
Aldrin ^C	0	3.0E+00	ı	1 16 1	4 41.03	00120			0.05+00	ı	ŀ	:	.1		1	ı	;	:	5.9E-01	6.6E+00
Ammonia-N (mg/l)				3	200	9.05	ŀ	3	1.4E-03	ı	1	;	1		1	i	3.0E+00	;	1.3E-03	1.4E-03
(* early) Ammonia-N (mg/l)	0	6.95E+00	8.24E-01		ı	6.9E+00	8.2E-01	. 1	1	ı	. 1	i	1	•	1	i	6.9E+00	8.2E-01		
(High Flow)	0	6.95E+00	1.47E+00	1	1	6.9E+00	1.5E+00	ł	1	1	ı	. 1	:							1
Anthracene	0	ı	ı	9.6E+03	1.1E+05	1	1	9.6E+03	1.1E+05	ı	i	1			!	Γ	6.9E+00	1.5E+00	• .	1
Antimony	0	ı	ļ	1.4E+01	4.3E+03	ŀ	1	1.4E+01 4	4.3E+03	ı	,	:	·		1	ı	1	:	9.6E+03	1.1E+05
Arsenic	0	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	1.0E+01	ı	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	1.0E+01	1	1	i				:	i		1	1.4E+01	4.3E+03
Barium	0	ı	ı	2.0E+03	ı			2 OF+03			ŀ	ŀ	1,		1	1	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	1.0E+01	1
Benzene ^c	0	1	ŀ	1.2E+01	7.1F+02			٠		, I ,	į	,	1		.1	ı		1.	2.0E+03	1
Benzidine ^c	0	1	ľ	1.2F-03	5.45.03	-		5 8	7.10402	!	ı	ı	1			i		1	1.2E+01	7.1E+02
Benzo (a) anthracene ^c	0	1	!	4.4E-02	4 9F-01			3 8	0.40	1	ı	:	1		1	,	;	;	1.2E-03	5.4E-03
Benzo (b) fluoranthene ^c	0	1	1	4 4E-02	4 9F-01			3 8	1.36-01	ı	ı	1	1		1	ı	;	ı	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Benzo (k) fluoranthene ^c	0		1	4 4E-02	A 9F.04	l 		, ,	4.8E-01	1	ı.	ı	1		1	ı		:	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Benzo (a) pyrene ^c	0		;	20 H V	5 L	ı	ı	7 1	4.9E-01	1	ı	1	1.		1	1	1	;	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Bis2-Chloroethyl Filher	C	_	I	לים ל לים לים לים לים לים לים לים לים לים לים	10-11	:	ı		4.9E-01	1	i	ı	-		1	1		:	4.4E-02	4.9E.01
Bis 2 Chlominopro 1 The		!	i	3. IE-0.	1.45+01		;	3.1E-01	1.4E+01	ı	ı	ı	1	•	!	1		1	3 10 01	47
Democration of a polytic liner	D	ı	1	1.4E+03	1.7E+05	ı	1	1.4E+03 1	1.7E+05	!		1		•	,	,		H	2 .	1.45+01
	0	1	;	4.4E+01	3.6E+03	1	1	4.4E+01	3.6E+03	J	·	,			r	'	:	;	1.4E+03	1.7E+05
. Butylbenzylphthalate	0	1	1	3.0E+03	5.2E+03	ı	- 1	3.0E+03	5.2F+03	,	1				!	ī		:	4.4E+01	3.6E+03
Cadmium	0	3.9E+00	1.1E+00	5.0E+00	1	3.9E+00	1.1E+00	. ę	}				1		1	i	1	i	3.0E+03	5.2E+03
Carbon Tetrachloride ^c	0	ı	ı	2.5E+00	4.4E+01			3 8	1 45.04	1	,	1	1		1	1	3.9E+00	1.1E+00	5.0E+00	;
Chlordane ^c	0	2.4E+00	4.3E-03		2 2E-02	ξ	. 8	3 8	ייי לייי	ţ			1		!	i	ı	:	2.5E+00	4.4E+01
Chloride	0	8.6E+05						ָּי לְּ	2.2E-02	ı	ı	1	!		!	1	2.4E+00	4.3E-03	2.1E-02	2.2E-02
TRC	0	19F+01			1		_	2.5E+U5	!	1			1		1	1	8.6E+05	2.3E+05	2.5E+05	1
Chlorobenzene	C	:	2		1 1		1.1E+01			1	;	1	1		1	1	1.9E+01	1.1E+01	ı	1
	Section of the Section Section (Section Section Sectio		1	0.9E+UZ	2.16+04	:		6.8E+02	2.1E+04	1	1	-	. 1	i	1	:		,	6.8E+02	2.1E+04

Parameter	Background		Water Q	Water Quality Criteria	m		Wasteload A	d Allocations		₹	Antidegradation Baseline	ກ Baseline		Ant	Antidegradation Allocations	Allocations			Moet I imition Allocations	Allocations	
(ng/l nnless noted)	Сопс.	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	HH (S	Acute		Chronic HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	IH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	(SMd) H	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic	UL (DIATE)	
Chlorodibromomethane	0	1	ı	4.1E+00	3.4E+02	1	,	4.1E+00	3.4E+02	1			,	1	'			300	-1	(CMA) III	HH C
Chloroform ⁶	0	;	1	3.5E+02	2 2.9E+04	1	ŀ	3.5E+02	2.9E+04	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1		ı	:	1. T	3.4E+U2
2-Chloronaphthalene	0	ı	ı	1.7E+03	3 4.3E+03	ı	ı	1.7E+03	4.3E+03	1	ı	ŀ	ı	1	ı			ı	:	3.35702	2.9E+04
2-Chlorophenol	0	1	1	1.2E+02	2 4.0E+02	1	1	1.2E+02	4.0E+02	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	:	1.75+03	4.3E+U3
Chlorpyrifos	0	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	1	1	8.3E-02	2 4.1E-02	1	ı	ı	1	t	ı	ı	. 1		1		1 1	1.2E+U2	4.0E+02
Chromium III	0	5.7E+02	7.4E+01	-	1	5.7E+02	2 7.4E+01	1	1	ı	1	1	1	,	ı	:		5.3E-02	4.15-02	1	ı
Chromium VI	o	1.6E+01	1.1E+01	-	ı	1.6E+01	1 1.1E+01	1	ł	ı	:	:	1	:	۱ ا	: 1	1	3.7 E+0.2	7.45+01	ı	ı
Chromium, Total	0	1	ı	1.0E+02	1	1	ı	1.0E+02	1	ı	:	ı	ı	ı		t I	ı	1011	. IE+63	1 1	ı
Chrysene ^c	0	ı	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	1	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	;	ı	ı		ı	l	Ì	1	:	;	1.0E+0Z	:
Copper	0	1.3E+01	9.0E+00	0 1.3E+03		1.3E+01	1 9.0E+00	1.3E+03	,	1	I	ı	1	1 1	: :	;	:	1 201	; 10	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Cyanide	0	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	0 7.0E+02	2 2.2E+05	2.2E+01	1 5.2E+00	7.0E+02	2.2E+05	1	1	ı	1	ı			ı	10-10-1	9.01	1.3E+U3	1 1
۵۵۵ _د	0	1	1	8.3E-03	3 8.4E-03	1	;	8.3E-03	8.4E-03	ŀ	:	1	ı	i t			ı	7.75+01	5.ZE+UU	/.UE+02	2.2E+05
ode °	0	ı	1	5.9E-03	3 5.9E-03	1	1	5.9E-03	5.9E-03	1	ı	:	1	,	: 1	l 1	ı	:	:	8.3E-U3	8.4E-03
DDT c	0	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	3 5.9E-03	3 5.9E-03	1.1E+00	0 1.0E-03	5.9E-03	5.9E-03	1	ı	ı	1	ı	. :	!!	1	446400	; L	5.9E-U3	5.9E-03
Demeton	0	1	1.0E-01	-	1	1	1.0E-01	ı		:	ı	ı	1	ı	١			1.1	20-0-1	5.9E-U3	5.9E-U3
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene ^C	0	1	ı	4.4E-02	2 4.9E-01	ı	ı	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	ı	ţ	:	1	ı	:			ı	0-10-1	; į	: !
Dibutyl phthalate	Ó	1	1	2.7E+03	3 1.2E+04	1	ı	2.7E+03	1.2E+04	ı	ı	1	;	1	I		1	ı	ı	4.4E-UZ	4.9E-01
Dichloromethane (Methylene Chloride) ^C	¢			į					•								l	I	:	2.7 E+U3	1.2E+04
1 2-Dichtorobenzene	5 6	1	;	4.7E+U1		 	1	4.7E+01	1.6E+04	1	i	1	ı	1	t	1	ı	:	1	4.7E+01	1.6E+04
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	> (1	1	2.7E+03			ı	2.7E+03	1.7E+04	1	1	ı	1	t	ı	1	:	;	1	2.7E+03	1.7E+04
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	•	ı	I	4.0E+02		1	1	4.0E+02	2.6E+03	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ŀ	;	1	4.0E+02	2.6E+03
3.3-Dichlorobenzidine ^c	> •	1	1	4.05+02		I 	1	4.0E+02	2.6E+03	1	ı	1	1	ŀ	:	1	ı	ı	:	4.0E+02	2.6E+03
Dichlorobromomethane ^c)	l ·	1	4.0E-01		ı	1	4.0E-01	7.7E-01	ı	4	ı	1	ı	ı	1	1	١	ı	4.0E-01	7.7E-01
1,2-Dichloroethane ^C	- C	1	ı	3.6E+00		1	ı	5.6E+00	4.6E+02	ı	ı	1	ı	1	I	ı	ı	1	ı	5.6E+00	4.6E+02
1,1-Dichloroethylene) c		1	3.85+00	0 9.9E+02	! 	ı	3.8E+00	9.9E+02	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	•	:	3.8E+00	9.9E+02
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene) 0		1 1	3.1E+02 7.0E+02		1	ı	3.1E+02	1./E+04	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı	:	:	3.1E+02	1.7E+04
2,4-Dichlorophenol	. c		:	0.35104		1	ı	7.0E+02	1.4E+05	ı	1	1	1	1	t	1	ı	:	;	7.0E+02	1.4E+05
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy		!	ŀ	9.9			ı	9.3E+01	7.9E+02	1	1	ı	1	1	:	1	ı	:	ŀ	9.3E+01	7.9E+02
acetic acid (2.4-D)	o (1	1	1.0E+02		1	1	1.0E+02	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	:	1.0E+02	;
1.3-Dichloropropane	-	!	1	5.2E+00		l 	t	5.2E+00	3.9E+02	1	ť	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ı	,1	5.2E+00	3.9E+02
Dieldrin ^c) (1 1					1.0E+01	1.7E+03	I	t	1	ı	1	;	;	ı	٠	ı	1.0E+01	1.7E+03
Diethyl Phthalate) (2.4E-01	3.0E-02	2 1.4E-U3		2.4	1 5.6E-02	1.4E-03	1.4E-03	1	ı	ı	1	4	:	1	ı	2.4E-01	5.6E-02	1.4E-03	1.4E-03
Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate ^c		1	ı	Z.5E+0		1	ı	2.3E+04	1.2E+05	ı	I	ı	1	ı	:	1	ı	1	;	2.3E+04	1.2E+05
2.4-Dimethylphenol	, c	ı ı	! !	1.0410.1	2.3E+01	! 	1	1.85.+01	5.9E+01	ı	I	ı	:	I	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1.8E+01	5.9E+01
Dimethyl Phthalate	· c	1		2017F.0			i	3.45+02	2.3E+03	1	:	1	ı	1	ı	:	1	ı	;	5.4E+02	2.3E+03
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	. 0	1	· •	2.1E-03				3.15+05	2.9E+06	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ŀ	3.1E+05	2.9E+06
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0	1	1	7.05+04			:	20.10.	40.F04	ŀ	ı	1	,	1	1	:	ı	ï	;	2.7E+03	1.2E+04
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	0	1	۱	1.35+01		1 1		7.0E+03	1.45+04	ı	:	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	ŀ	ı	7.0E+01	1.4E+04
2,4-Dinitrotoluene ^c	0	,	ı	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	1	10110	7.75+02	1	ŀ	ı	1	t	ı	ı	ı	:	ı	1.3E+01	7.7E+02
Dioxin (2,3,7,8-tetrachlorodibenzo-b-dioxin)						-	ı	100+00	9.15+01	ı	1	1	ı	:	1	1	1	ı	ı	1.1E+00	9.1E+01
(bdd)	0	:	Ì	1.2E-06	5 1.2E-06		1	1.2E-06	1 2F-06			ı									
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine ^c	0	1	1	4.0E-01		-	:	4.0E-01	5.4E+00	ı				: 1	1	ı	ı	ł	ı	1.2E-06	1.2E-06
Alpha-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	2 1.1E+02		2 2E-01	1 5.6E-02		2 4F+02	1	1	1 1	1	ı	!	:	I	; ;	1 1	4.0E-01	5.4E+00
Beta-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01							2.4E+02	i !	1 1	1 1		1 1	ı	:	1	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02
Endosulfan Sulfate	0		1	1.1E+02				1.1E+02	2.4E+02	ŀ	ł		 ! 1	! !	1	1 1	ı	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	1.15+02	2.4E+02
Endrin	0	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	2 7.6E-01	1 8.1E-01	8.6E-02	2 3.6E-02		8.1E-01	ı	ı	ı		' 1	1		1 1	8 FF-02	3.65-02	7.7E+02	2.4E+02
Endrin Aldehyde	0	1	1	7.6E-01	1 8.1E-01	-	1	7.6E-01	8.1E-01	1	1	ı	1	ı	ì	1	ı	:	; ;	7.6E-01	8.1E-01

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	Water Quality Criteria			Wasteload Al	Allocations		Ā	Antidegradation Baseline	on Baseline	-								
(ng/l nnless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic HH (P)A/S)	H (DWC)	3		oegi adailoi i	Allocations			₽⊢	Allocations	
Ethylbenzene	0	;	,	3.1E+03	۱ ا	'] :	3 15+03	2 05.104	7		(Can)	E	<u>.</u>	Curonic HH (PWS)	H (PWS)	王	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	표
Fluoranthene	0	ı	ŀ	3.0E+02	3.7E+02	1	. 1	3.1E103	2.35.104	ı		ŀ	;	1	ı	I	1	1	ì	3.1E+03	2.9E+04
Fluorene	0	ı	ı	1.3F±03	1 AF + OA			4.37.02	20.75.702	:	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	;	1	3.0E+02	3.7E+02
Foaming Agents	0		ı	5 OF +02			ı	20+10-1	1.4E+04	1	!	i	1	i	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1.3E+03	1.4E+04
Guthion	C	,	10 TO TO TO	100	١.		1 1	3.0E±02	1	ı	1	1	1	:	ı	ı	ı	1	٠	5.0E+02	1
Heptachlor ^c) c	7 OH O	20-10-6	1 L	; į		1.0E-02		ı	ı	Ι.	ŧ	;	ı	ı	i	1°	ı	1.0E-02	ı	i
Heptachlor Fooxide ^C) c	י אליי ה היי דר היי	50-00-0	2. IE-U3	2.15-03			2.1E-03	2.1E-03	ı	. 1	ı	;	1	;	1	ı	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	2.1E-03	2.1E-03
Hexachlorohorange	D \\	3.ZE-01	3.8E-03	1.0E-03	1.1E-03	5.2E-01	3.8E-03	1.0E-03	1.1E-03	1	1	ı	;	1	i	1	i	5.2E-01	3.8F-03	1 0E.03	1 1 03
Toxoohioobelizerie	0	ŧ	1	7.5E-03	7.7E-03	1	ı	7.5E-03	7.7E-03	1	ł	1	1	:	ı	. 1	1		}	7 55 03	11 10 1
Hexachlorocyclobexane	0	ı	I	4.4E+00	5.0E+02	1	ı	4.4E+00	5.0E+02	ı	:	ı	. ,	ı	ı	ı	1			4 45,00	6.75-03
Alpha-BHC ^c	0	1		3.9E-02	1.3E-01	ı	:	3 9F-02	36.01										ŀ	4.45400	5.0E+02
Hexachlorocyclohexane										l	i	ı	,	ı	ı	ı	1	:	ŀ	3.9E-02	1.3E-01
Beta-BHC*	Ö	1	;	1.4E-01	4.6E-01	1	1	1.4E-01	4.6E-01	ŀ	i	ı	-	1	1	1	1	ı	ł	1.4E.04	10 Ta
Gamma-BHC ^c (Lindane)	0	9.5E-01	ŀ	1.9E-01	6.3E-01	9.58-01	ŀ	10.0	20.01											0	10-20-4
Heverhorensen								-	-	I	:	1 -		1	t	ı	1	9.5E-01	i	1.9E-01	6.3E-01
i lexaci ilorcyclobel iladierie	0	1	1	2.4E+02	1.7E+04	1	ı	2.4E+02	1.7E+04	ı	1	i	1	ı	ı		1	i	,	3.41.00	
Hexachloroethane	0		ı	1.9E+01	8.9E+01	1	!	1.9E+01	8.9E+01	ı	. 1	1	;	1	,	į		ı	;	2.4E+02	1./E+04
Hydrogen Sulfide	0	;	2.0E+00	1	1	ı	2.0E+00	ľ	1	1	ţ	1		ı		t	!	:	:	1.9E+01	8.9E+01
Indeno (1,2,3-cd) pyrene ^C	0	1	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	1	ı	4.4E-02	4 9F-01		i		1	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	2.0E+00	1	1
lron	0	1	1	3.0E+02	,	ı	:	3 05 402			l	ŀ	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	t	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Isophorone ^c .	0	1	ı	3.6E+02	2.6E+04		ı	3.65403	2 6 1 10 4	l	:	ı	1	ı	:	ŀ	1		;	3.0E+02	:
Kepone	0	ı	0.0F+00		; 1		00.50	20.0	10.7	ł	ı	1	1	ı	ı	:	ı	;	1	3.6E+02	2.6E+04
Lead	0	1 2F±02	1 45+01	1 50403	ı	1 2		1 1	1	ı	ł	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	;	0.0E+00	i	1
Malathion		70.17		1.5	ł	1.25+02		1.5E+01	ı	1	ł	ı	1	1.	,	;	1	1.2E+02	1.4E+01	1.5E+01	;
March Control)		1.0E-0.1	; ;	i	1	1.06-01		1	ı	1	1	1	:	1	1	. 1	;	1.0E-01		
Wangan tese	י כ	i . !	ı	5.05+01	ı	_		5.0E+01	ı	1	1	1	ı	ı	ł	1	1	;	ı	5.05+04	
wercury	9	1.4E+00	7.7E-01	5.0E-02	5.1E-02	1.4E+00	7.7E-01	5.0E-02	5.1E-02	ı	ŧ	į	;	ı	:	1	ı	1 45±00	7 7 5 04		!!
Methyl Bromide	0	1	ı	4.8E+01	4.0E+03	1	٠,	4.8E+01	4.0E+03	1	1	ı	ı	ı	ļ	;		11.	10-27:7	5.UE-UZ	5.1E-02
Methoxychlor	0	1	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	1	1	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	1	ı	:	;	,	1				:		4.8E+01	4.0E+03
Mirex	0	1	0.0E+00	1	1	ı	0.0E+00	1	1	ı	ı	1			ı		1	ı	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	;
Monochlorobenzene	0	ı	1	6.8E+02	2.1E+04	1	ı	6.8E+02	2.1E+04	ı	1			ı	i	i	ı	ì	0.0E+00	ı	1
Nickel	0	1.8E+02	· 2.0E+01	6.1E+02	4.6E+03	1.8E+02	2.0E+01	6.1E+02	4.6F+03	ı					i	1	ı	ı	ı	6.8E+02	2.1E+04
Nitrate (as N)	0	1	ŧ	1.0E+04	1	1	ı	.1 0F±04					1		ı	}	1	1.8E+02	2.0E+01	6.1E+02	4.6E+03
Nitrobenzene	0	ı	ı	1.7E+01	1.9E+03	1		1.7E+01	1 9F+03	1 1	l: 1		1	ı	1		1	i	ı	1.0E+04	1
N-Nitrosodimethylamine ^c	0	1	1	6.9E-03	8.1E+01		ı	6.9F-03	8 15+01			ı	1	1	ı	1	ı	:	1	1.7E+01	1.9E+03
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine ^c	0	1	1	5.0E+01	1.6E+02	1	t	5.0F+01	1.6F±02	1 1	ı	ı	1	ı	:	ı	ı	:	•	6.9E-03	8.1E+01
N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine ^C	0	ı	;	5.0E-02	1.4E+01	1	1	5.05.02	1 45±01		ŀ	t	ı	ı	;	;	ı	1	ı	5.0E+01	1.6E+02
Parathion	0	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	•		6.5F-02	1.3E-02	10:0	1	ı	:	1	ı	1	;	1	1	t	:	5.0E-02	1.4E+01
PCB-1016	0		1.4E-02	;	I			:	;			ľ	1	ı	ı	1	1	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	ı	ı
PCB-1221	0	,	1.4F-02	,		I	40-14-14 40-17-1	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	;	1	1	i	1.4E-02	ı	
PCB-1232	C	!	20 17	l	ı	!	1.45-02	:	ı	1	Ļ	1	ı	ì	ı	1	1	;	1.4E-02	ŀ	:
PCB-1242) C	1	1.4E-02	ı	ı	!	1.4E-02	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	í	1	,	ı	1.4E-02	;	,
PCB-1248		1	1.4E-02	1	ı	1	1.4E-02	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1		ı	;	1.4E-02	I	!
PCB-1246	0	ı	1.4E-02	;	ı	!	1.4E-02	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı		1 45.02	ŀ	:
PUB-1234	0	1	1.4E-02	.1	ı	· —	1.4E-02	1	1	ı	1	1		ı	i	ı		1 1	1.45-02	:	ı
PCB-1260	0		1.4E-02	ı	ı	1	1.4E-02	i	1	1	ı	1	- 1		ı	ŀ		ł	1.45-02	ı	;
PCB Total	0	ı	;	1.7E-03	1.7E-03	!	1	1.7E-03	1.7E-03	1	1	ı	1	ı	ı	; 1	I	:	1.4E-U2	; ;	:
																	:	٠	:	1.7E-03	1.7E-03

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	Water Quality Criteria			Wasteload Allocations	Allocations		Ř	Antidegradation Baseline	n Baseline		Anti	Antidegradation Allocations	Allocations			April 1 mitter	Month Imiting Allocation	
(ng/l nnless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic HH	H (PWS)	<u></u> 표	Acute	Chronic H	HH (PWS)	를	Acrite	Chronic	13/9/07	3	┢	1031	y Allocations	İ
Pentachlorophenol ^C	0	1.6E+01	1.2E+01	2.8E+00	8.2E+01	1.6E+01	1.2E+01	9E+00	8.2E+01	,		10:11:1	+	, mane		(CAA)	5	Acute	Curonic	HH (PWS)	王
Phenol	c	!	1	2 15404	A RELOG									ı	ł	ı	ı	1.65+01	1.25+01	Z.8E+00	8.2E+01
Dyrana				1 0		I	ı	10	4.05+00	ı	ı	ı	:	1	:	ı	1	i	;	2.1E+04	4.6E+06
Radionuclides (pCi/I	5	1	ı	9.6E+02	1.1E+04	ŀ	1	9.6E+02	1.1E+04	1	1	ı		ı	ı	1	ı	ı	1	9.6E+02	1.1E+04
except Beta/Photon)	0	1	1	1	1	t	ı	ı	1	ŀ	1	1	1	ı	1	1		:	1	1	ı
Gross Alpha Activity Beta and Photon Activity	0	1	1	1.5E+01	1.5E+01	1	ı	1.5E+01	1.5E+01	i	ı	1	t	i	1	ı		;	1	1.5E+01	1.5E+01
(mrem/yr)	0	ı	ı	4.0E+00	4.0E+00	I	ı	4.0E+00	4.0E+00	i	1	ı	1	ı	;	1	 I	:	i	4 05±00	4 053.00
Strontium-90	0	!	1	8.0E+00	8.0E+00	1.	1	8.0E+00	8.0E+00	1	1	ı	1	ţ	:	1	ı	: 1		9.05.40	00-100
Tritium	0	1	1	2.0E+04	2.0E+04	1	ı	2.0E+04	2.0E+04	1	ı	ı		1	١	ı	1		l	00.00	0.00
Selenium	0	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	1.7E+02	1.1E+04	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	1.7E+02	1.1E+04	ı	1	:		;	1	1		3.05.404	1 10 1	475.04	Z.UE+04
Silver	0	3.4E+00	1	ı	ı	3.4E+00	ı	ı	ı	;	ı	t	ı	1	ı	: 1		3.45.00	3.05.400	1.7 E+UZ	1.15+04
Sulfate	0	1	ı	2.5E+05	1	ı	1	2.5E+05	ı	ı	1			1	ı		ı :	201-11-10	:	; [1
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^C	0	1	ŀ	1.7E+00	1.1E+02	ı	1	1.7E+00	1.1E+02	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı		: ;		;	4.77.00	: 1
Tetrachloroethylene ^c	0	1	ı	8.0E+00	8.9E+01	ı	ŧ		8.9E+01	ŧ	:	:	1	1	ı				:	00-10-6	1.15+02
Thallium	0	ı	ı	1.7E+00	6.3E+00	,	1	1.7E+00	6.3E+00	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	1	μ	ı	ı	1	8.UE+00	8.9E+01
Toluene	0	1	ł	6.8E+03	2.0E+05	1	١		2 05+05				:	ı	ł	ı	ı	:	1	1./=+00	6.3E+00
Total dissolved solids	٥	1	,	5 0F+05	, ,		,		3	ľ	;	ł	1	1	1	ı	ı		;	6.8E+03	2.0E+05
Toxaphene ^c	Ġ	7.35-04	2 OE-04	7 3E.03	7 50 03	7 25 04	l L	2.05-10.5	I I	ı	1	1	ı	ı	:	ı	!	:	t	5.0E+05	;
Tributvilin		4 6E-01	20.75.4		5	2 10 10	2.00-04	50-11C-1	50-36-7	ı	ı	;	ı	t	1	ı	;	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	7.3E-03	7.5E-03
1 2 4 Trichlorobonano	,	2	0.5	:	l j	4.00-0	0.3E-02		!	ı	ı	1	ı	ŧ	ı	ı	1	4.6E-01	6.3E-02	i	ţ
4 4 0 Trible obelizene)	1	ı	2.6E+02	9.4E+02	1	ı	2.6E+02	9.4E+02	ı	1	:	1	ı	:	:	1	ŧ	;	2.6E+02	9.4E+02
1,1,2-11icilloroetnane	0.	1	ı	6.0E+00	4.2E+02	ı	ı	6.0E+00	4.2E+02	1	ı	;	,	1	1	ı	1	ı	i	6.0E+00	4.2E+02
I richloroethylene	0	1	ı	2.7E+01	8.1E+02	1	ı	2.7E+01	8.1E+02	ı	ı	ı	ı	ŀ	:	1	ı	:	:	2.7E+01	8 15+02
2,4,6-Inchlorophenol	0		ı	2.1E+01	6.5E+01	1	ı	2.1E+01	6.5E+01	1	ı	ŀ	1	t	1	ı	1	;	;	2.1F±01	6 5E+04
propionic acid (Silvex)	0	ı	1	5.0E+01	1	ı	1	5.0E+01	1	1	ı	1		1	ł						
Vinyl Chloride ^c	0	1	ı	2.3E-01	6.1E+01	1	ı	2.3E-01	6.1E+01	ı	1	1	1	ı				:	ı	5.UE+U1	1 1
Zinc	0	1.2E+02	1.2E+02	9 1 1 + 03	6 9F+04	1 2F±02	1 2E±03		10 to 0						1	l	ı	:	ı	Z.3E-U1	6.1E+01
				2	10.70	1.56.02	. SE 102	-	0.80+04	ا :	,		1	1	ı	1	1	1.2E+02	1.2E+02	9.1E+03	6.9E+04

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1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise

2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals

3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise

4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter

5. Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information. Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.

6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC - background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic

= (0.1(WQC - background conc.) + background conc.) for human health

7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens, Harmonic Mean for Carcinogens, and Annual Average for Dioxin. Mixing ratios may be substituted for stream flows where appropriate.

Metal	Target Value (SSTV)	Note: do not use QL's lower than the
Antimony	1.4E+01	minimum QL's provided in agency
Arsenic	1.0E+01	guidance
Barium	2.0 È +03	
Cadmium	6.8E-01	
Chromium III	4.4E+01	
Chromium VI	6.4E+00	
Copper	5.4E+00	
Iron	3.0E+02	
Lead	8.1E+00	-
Manganese	5.0E+01	
Mercury	5.0E-02	
Nickel	1.2E+01	
Selenium	3.0E+00	
Silver	1.4E+00	
Zinc	4.7E+01	

```
6/15/2011 2:30:39 PM
Facility = Clays Mill E.S. - VA0022748
Chemical = Ammonia
Chronic averaging period = 30 WLAa = 6.9
WLAa
WLAC
Q.L. = .2
# samples/mo. = 1
\# samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 9
                   = 29.16
Variance
                   = 0.6
C.V.
97th percentile daily values = 21.9007
97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741
97th percentile 30 day average= 10.8544
                   = 0
# < Q.L.
Model used
                   = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 6.9
Average Weekly limit = 6.9
Average Monthly LImit = 6.9
```

The data are:

9

Stats - TRC.txt

```
6/20/2011 4:37:01 PM
 Facility = Clays Mill E.S. - VA0022748
Chemical = TRC
 Chronic averaging period = 4
             = 0.019
 WLAa
WLAC
              <u>----</u>
                   = 0.1
 Q.L.
# samples/mo. = 20
# samples/wk. = 5
Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 20
Variance = 144
                            = 0.6
97th percentile daily values = 48.6683

97th percentile 4 day average = 33.2758

97th percentile 30 day average= 24.1210

# < Q.L. = 0

Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 0.019
Average Weekly limit = 1.23834080752271E-02
Average Monthly LImit = 9.77838359349854E-03
The data are:
```

20

Attachment G Historical Limit Development

FRESHWATER WATER QUALITY CRITERIA / WASTELOAD ALLOCATION ANALYSIS

Clays Mill Elementary School Facility Name:

Permit No.: VA0022748

Difficult Creek Receiving Stream:

Version: OWP Guidance Memo 00-2011 (8/24/00)

Stream Information	Stream Flows		Mixing Information		Effluent Information	
Mean Hardness (as CaCO3) = 29.4 mg/L	1Q10 (Annual) =	0 MGD	Annual - 1010 Mix =	100 %	Moon Londons (no. Co.)	4
90% Temperature (Annual) = 23.7 deg C	7Q10 (Annual) =	0 MGD	- 7Q10 Mix =	100 %	90% Temp (Applie)	50 mg/L
90% Temperature (Wet season) = 24 deg C	30Q10 (Annual) =	0 MGD	- 30Q10 Mix =	100 %	90% Temp (Wet conces) -	So deg C
90% Maximum pH ≃ 7.2 SU	1Q10 (Wet season) ≃	0 MGD	Wet Season - 1010 Mix =	100 %	90% Maximim pH -) Beb
10% Maximum pH = 6.4 SU	30Q10 (Wet season)	0 MGD	- 30Q10 Mix =	100 %	10% Movimination 100	0.5.5
Tier Designation (1 or 2) =	30Q5 ≈	0 MGD		2	Discharae Elem –	US 8.7
Public Water Supply (PWS) Y/N? = . y	Harmonic Mean =	0 MGD				U.OU/2 MGD
Trout Present Y/N? = n	Annual Average =	N/A MGD				
Early Life Stages Present Y/N? == y						

Conc. Acute Chronic HH (PWNS)	MS) HH 03 2.7E+03 02 7.8E+02 01 6.6E+00 03 1.4E-03 03 1.1E+05 01 4.3E+03 01 0.00	Acute Chronic 3.0E+00 7.3E-01 4.7E+00 1.5E+00	Chronic HH (PWS) - 1.2E+03 - 3.2E+02	1 1	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	1	HH Acute		Chronic HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Aost Limiting Chronic H	Chronic Hu (pare)	
lec		╡		2.7E+03	- Louis	Cilionic		-		ic HH (PWS)	Ŧ	┪		ILI /DIVICI	
lec				2.7E+03	ı									L (cwa) H	Ξ
lec -	· -		3.2E+02			ı		1	1	1	1	1	:	1.2E+03	2.7E+03
1.00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				7.8E+02	ı	1		1	1	1	ı	;	:	3.2E+02	7.8E+02
N (mg/l) 0 3.0E+00 - 1.3E-03 N (mg/l) 0 4.71E+00 7.27E-01 - 1.4E+01 N 4.71E+00 1.52E+00 - 1.4E+01 O 4.71E+00 1.52E+00 - 1.4E+01 O 3.4E+02 1.5E+02 1.0E+01 O 3.4E+02 1.5E+02 1.0E+01 O 0 - 1.2E+01 C 0 - 1.2E+01	•		5.9E-01	6.6E+00	ı	1			1	ı	,	:	;	5 9 12 .04	007119
anv (mg/t)	•		1.3E-03	1.4E-03	ı	t			ı	ı	ı	3.0E+00	: 1	3.3E-01	1.4E-03
ow) 0 4.71E+00 1.52E+00 - ene 0 - - 9.6E+03 y 0 - - 1.4E+01 s c 0 - - 1.0E+01 ne c 0 - - 2.0E+03 s c 0 - 1.2E+01 ne c 0 - 1.2E+01 ne c 0 - 4.4E-02 s) fluoranthene c 0 - 4.4E-02 s) fluoranthene c 0 - 4.4E-02 s) pyrene c 0 - 4.4E-02 s) pyrene c 0 - 4.4E-02 lorocityly Ether 0 - 4.4E-03 nrm c 0 - - 4.4E-03	•		-01	ı	1	ı			1	1	. 1	4.7E+00	7.3E-01	1	,
ene 0	•		1 00+	1	1	:	ı		1	1			7		
y 0 - - 1.4E+01 e ^c 0 - - 1.0E+01 ne ^c 0 - - 2.0E+03 ne ^c 0 - 1.2E+01 ne ^c 0 - 1.2E+01 ne ^c 0 - 4.4E+02 b) fluoranthene c 0 - 4.4E+02 s) pyrene c 0 - 4.4E+02 lorocetryl Ether 0 - 4.4E+02 lorocspyropyl Ether 0 - 4.4E+03 m 0 - 4.4E+01 rxyphththalate 0 - 2.5E+00			9.6E+03	1.1E+05	;	ł				ı	ı		1.5=+00	;	:
a c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c				4.35+03	i				!	ı	ı	;	:	9.6E+03	1.1E+05
a control of the cont		3 45102 4 25102		2		;	1			ı	1	ı	:	1.4E+01	4.3E+03
a but a control of the control of th				ı	ı	1	1			1	ı	3.4E+02	1.5E+02	1.0E+01	1
Influracene C		!	2.0	ı	ı	ı	1	,	I	f	,	1	;	2.0E+03	1
0 - 1.2E-03 0 - 4.4E-02 0 - 4.4E-02 0 - 4.4E-02 0 - 4.4E-02 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 2.6E+00 0 - 2.6E+00		ı	1.2E+01	7.1E+02	1	ı	;		1	!	1	ı	:	1.2E+01	7.1E+02
0 - 4.4E-02 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 3.0E+03 0 - 2.5E+00	.03 5.4E-03	1	1.2E-03	5.4E-03	ı	1		,	:	1	1	:	:	1.2E-03	5 4E-03
o	.02 4.9E-01	:	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	ŀ	:		,	1	ı		i		20 12 7	
or - 446-02 0 446-02 0 446-02 0 146-03 0 146-03 0 316-01 0 306-03 0 266-00	.02 4.9E-01	;	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	;	,						}	ı	4.45-02	4.9E-U1
her 0 - 4.4E-02 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 4.4E+01 0 - 1.4E+01 0 - 1.8E+00 6.6E-01 5.0E+03 0 - 2.5E+00	.02 4 9F-01	1	A AE-03	, u					1	ŀ	ı		:	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
her 0 - 3.1E-01 0 - 1.4E+03 0 - 4.4E+01 0 - 3.0E+03 0 1.8E+00 6.6E-01 5.0E+00			4.45.02		ı	ı	1		1	1		;	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
her 0 1,1E+03 0 1,4E+03 0 4,4E+01 0 3,0E+03 0 1,8E+00 6,6E-01 5,0E+00			4.4E-02	4.9E-01	ı	ŀ	í	-	1	1	ı	;		4.4E-02	4.9E-01
1.4E+03 0 - 4.4E+01 0 - 3.0E+03 0 1.8E+00 6.6E-01 5.0E+00 0 - 2.5E+00		ı	3.1E-01	1.4E+01	:	ŀ	1	!	1	ı	ı	ı	·	3.1E-01	1.4E+01
0 - 4.4E+01 0 - 3.0E+03 0 1.8E+00 6.6E-01 5.0E+00 0 - 2.5E+00			1.4E+03	1.7E+05	1	i	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	;	1.4E+03	1.7E+05
0 - 3.0E+03 0 1.8E+00 6.6E-01 5.0E+00 0 - 2.5E+00	-01 3.6E+03	1	4.4E+01	3.6E+03	ı	1		!	:	1	1	:	:	4.4E+01	3 6F+03
0 1.8E+00 6.6E-01 5.0E+00 - 2.5E+00	-03 5.2E+03	1	3.0E+03	5.2E+03	1	ı		!		1	ı	:	1	3.05.03	20.110.2
- 2.5E+00	- 00	1.8E+00 6.6E-01	-01 5.0E+00	;	ı	ı	,		•	ı		Ş	! L	201-10	9.25703
	-00 4.4E+01	1	2.5E+00	4.4E+01	ı	:	,			l	ı		0.01-0	3.UE+00	,
Chlordane 2.1E-02 2.1	02 2.2E-02	2.4E+00 4.3E-03	-03 2.1E-02	2.2E-02	1	1					ı		: ;	Z.5E+00	4.4E+01
Chiloride 0 8.6E+05 2.3E+05 2.5E+05	-05	8.6E+05 2.3E+05		1	;				ì	ŀ	ı		4.3≿-03	2.1E-02	2.2E-02
TRC 1.9E+01 1.1E+01	I				l	ı	ı		!	ı	ı		2.3E+05	2.5E+05	ı
6 85+02	,			1 1	I	ŀ	1	1	1	ı	ı	1.9E+01	1.1E+01		ı
20.100	1	1	0.85+02	Z.7E+04	ì			-	1	1		:	;	6.8E+02	2.1E+04

Parameter	Background		Water Quality Criteria	lity Criteria			Wasteload	Wasteload Allocations		4	Antidegradation Baseline	on Baseline		Ant	Antidegradation Allocations	Allocations			100000		
(ug/l unless noted)	Conc.	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute		Chronic HH (PWS)	Ħ	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	H (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acuto	Chronic	Chronic Lin march	
Chiorogipromomethane	0.	ı	I	4.1E+00	3.4E+02	·	1	4.1E+00	3.4E+02	ı				,	- '	· '	'		-1	4 45.400	47.00
Chloroform 5	0	ı	1	3.5E+02		!	ı	3.5E+02	2.9E+04	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1		;	4.1E+00	3.4E+02
2-Chloronaphthalene	0	ı	1	1.7E+03	4.3E+03	!	1	1.7E+03	4.3E+03	ı	1	1	1	ı	ı	ı		: 1		3.35.702	Z.9E+04
2-Chlorophenol .	0	ı	ļ	1.2E+02	4.0E+02	1	;	1.2E+02	4.0E+02	ı	1	ı	1	ł	;	ı		ł	ŀ	1.75+03	4.3E+03
Chlorpyrifos	0	8.3E-02	4.1E-02	ì	1	8.3E-02	2 4.1E-02	ı	ŀ	ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	!	ı	; <u>t</u>	: !	1.2E+02	4.0E+02
Chromium III	0	3.2E+02	4.2E+01	i	1	3.2E+02	2 4.2E+01	;	1	ı	;	1					ı	0.3E-02	4.1E-02	;	ı
Chromium VI	0	1.6E+01	1.15+01	1	1	1.6E+01		1		į			 !	:	:	ı	1	3.2E+02	4.2E+01	;	;
Chromium, Total	0	1	1	1 0F+02	1			100	1	ı	ł	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1.6E+01	1.1E+01	ł	ı
Chrysene ^c	0	ı	ı	4.4E-02	1 0 TO	1	ľ	704407	1 1	ı	ı	1	ı	í	1	ı	ı	ı	. ;	1.0E+02	;
Copper	, с	7 001	1	4.4.70	4.95	1 1		4.4E-UZ	4.9E-01	1	1	ı	ı	ı	į	ı	,	1	ı	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Copper	٠ .	7.0E+00	3.0E+00	1.3E+03	ı	7.0E+00		1.3E+03	1	ı	1	1	1	ı		ı	'	7.0E+00	5.0E+00	135+03	
Cyallide)	2.2E+01	5.2E+00	7.0E+02	2.2E+05	2.2E+01	1 5.2E+00	7.0E+02	2.2E+05	ı	ı	I	1	ı		1		2.2E+01	5 2F+00	7.05±02	1 12
	0	ı	ł	8.3E-03		1	1	8.3E-03	8.4E-03	ı	1	ı	ı	1	ŀ	ı		:		70.10.0	6,47,00
005	0	1	ı	5.9E-03		1	ı	5.9E-03	5.9E-03	ŀ	ı	1	ı	1	. 1	ı		: :	}	8.3E-U3	8.4E-03
	0	1.1E+00	1.0E-03	5.9E-03	5.9E-03	1.1E+00	0 1.0E-03	5.9E-03	5.9E-03	ì	1	ı	,	٠,	ŀ	:		1 15+00	1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	5.35-0.3	5.9E-03
Vemeton	0	ı	1.0E-01	1	ı	1	1.0E-01	1	 I	ı	ı	;	1	1	;	ı		1	20 10	5.3E-05	5.95-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	0	ı	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	1	ı	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	ŀ	;	1		ı	1			t	1.0E-0.1	: !	1
Dibutyl phthafate	0	1	1	2.7E+03	1.2E+04	1	1	2.7E+03	1.2E+04	1	ı	ı				Ì	,	:	;	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Dichloromethane									!			ı	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ŀ	1	2.7E+03	1.2E+04
(Methylene Chloride)	0	1	ı	4.7E+01	1.6E+04	1	1	4.7E+01	1.6E+04	1	ŀ	ı	ı	.1	ı	ı	1	1		10.1	i i
1,2-Uichlorobenzene	0	.1	1	2.7E+03	1.7E+04	1	1	2.7E+03	1.7E+04	i	1	ı	1	ı	:	ı			:	10.77.	1.55.+04
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0	ı	ı	4.0E+02	2.6E+03	1	:	4.0E+02	2.6E+03		ı	ı	ı	ı	ŀ	ı		ļ	;	2.7=+03	1./E+04
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	0	ı	ı	4.0E+02	2.6E+03	1	1	4.0E+02	2.6E+03	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	i			:	:	4.UE+02	Z.6E+03
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine ^c	0		-1	4.0E-01	7.7E-01	1	1	4.0E-01	7.7E-01	1	1	1			ı	1		!	ı	4.0E+02	2.6E+03
Dichlorobromomethane ^c	0	ı	١	5.6E+00	4.6E+02	!	1	5.6E+00	4.6F+02	ı			ı .	ı	1	1	ı	ı	ı	4.0E-01	7.7E-01
1,2-Dichtoroethane ^c	0	ı	ı	3.8E+00		1	ı	3 87+00	0 95+02		!	!	!	ı	ı	1	ı	:	1	5.6E+00	4.6E+02
1,1-Dichloroethylene	0	ı	!	3 1F+02			:	2000	20.77.	ŗ		ı	ı	ı	}	;	ı	:	ı	3.8E+00	9.9E+02
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	0		,	7.0F±02			:	20.15.02	1.7 1.04	ı	ı	;	;	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	3.1E+02	1.7E+04
2.4-Dichlorophenol	0	ı	ı	9.3E+0.1			:	20.70.7	2041400	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	;	;	7.0E+02	1.4E+05
2,4-Dichlorophenoxy						l	ı	9.50	7.9E+0Z	i	1	1	!	1	1	1	ı	;	i	9.3E+01	7.9E+02
acetic acid (2,4-D)	0	1	ı	1.0E+02		1	1	1.0E+02	1	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ì	1	;	ļ	1 05.103	
1,2-Uchloropropane	0	ı	1	5.2E+00	3.9E+02	ı	1	5.2E+00	3.9E+02	1	ı	ı	1	1	ı					20-70-1	1 1
1,3-Utchioropropene	0	ı	1	1.0E+01	1.7E+03	1	1,	1.0E+01	1.7E+03	î	ı	ı	1	I	1	1	. 1	1 1	ŀ	3.25+00	3.95+02
Dieldrin Z	0	2.4E-01	5.6E-02	1.4E-03	1.4E-03	2.4E-01	1 5.6E-02	1.4E-03	1.4E-03	1	ı	i	ı	ŀ	1		ı	; ;	: ;	1.0E+01	1.7E+03
Diethyl Phthalate	0	1	ı	2.3E+04	1.2E+05	1	:	2.3E+04	1.2E+05	ı	ı	ı		ı	ı		· ·	7:45-01	5.0E-UZ	1.4E-03	1.4E-03
Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate	0	ı	1	1.8E+01	5.9E+01	ı	i	1.8E+01	5.9E+01	ı	1	,				١ ,	ı	:	ŀ	2.3E+04 ·	1.2E+05
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0	ì	ı	5.4E+02	2.3E+03	ı	;	5.4E+02	2.3E+03	ŀ		ι.	1	1	ı	,I	1	;	:	1.8E+01	5.9E+01
Dimethyl Phthalate	0	1	ŀ	3.1E+05	2.9E+06	1	1	3.1E+05	2 9F+06	ŀ	I	ı	l	1	1	ŀ	ŀ	1 .	ı	5.4E+02	2.3E+03
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	0	!	ŀ	2.7E+03	1.2E+04	1	ı	2.7E+03	1.2F+04	ŀ	1	١,		l	;	ı	ì	;	ı	3.1E+05	2.9E+06
2,4 Dinitrophenol	0	1	ı	7.0E+01	1.4E+04	1	ı	7.0F±01	1 4F+04	I		l	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	;	:	2.7E+03	1.2E+04
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	0	ı		1.3E+01			ı	135+01	7 7 1 4 0 2	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ł	ı	1	;	i	7.0E+01	1.4E+04
2,4-Dinitrotoluene ^C	0	t	ŀ	1.1E+00		1	i	1 TH	10.110	ı	ı	ı	1	1	!		1	1		1.3E+01	7.7E+02
Dioxin (2,3,7,8- tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin)				!				2	9. 10	ı	ī	ì	ı	ı	ı	,	ı	ı	ŀ	1.1E+00	9.1E+01
(bdd)	0	1	1	1.2E-06	1.2E-06	1	1	1,2E-06	1.2E-06	ı	ı	ı	1								
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine ^C	0	1	ı	4.0E-01	5.4E+00	ł	:	4.0E-01	5.4E+00	1	. 1		,		I	1	1	ı	ı	1.2E-06	1.2E-06
Alpha-Endosuífan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02	2.2E-01	1 5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02	ı	ı	;			i	:	1	1 !	:	4.0E-01	5.4E+00
Beta-Endosulfan	0	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02	2.2E-01	1 5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02	ı	1	ŀ			ı .	ı	ı	2.2E-01	5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02
Endosulfan Sulfate	0	ı	1	1.1E+02	2.4E+02	, —	1	1.1E+02	2.4E+02	1	ı	ı		ı ı	ſI	:		2.2E-01	5.6E-02	1.1E+02	2.4E+02
Endûn	0	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	7.6E-01	8.1E-01	8.6E-02	2 3.6E-02		8.1E-01	ı	ı	i	- 1	: !	1 1		1	; ñ	: L	1.1E+02	2.4E+02
Endrin Aldehyde	0	1	:	7.6E-01	8.1E-01	-			8.1E-01	1	ı	ł		۱, ۱	1 :	!	1	8.6E-02	3.6E-02	7.6E-01	8.1E-01
			-												;	1		:	;	7.6E-01	8.1E-01

(ug/l unless noted) Ethylbenzene		Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	Ŧ	Acute	Chronic HH (PWS)	-		-				12170			_		most cilling Allocations	MIOCALIONS	
Ethylbenzene	Conc.	, 1000						H (PWS)	Ξ	Acute	Chronic HH	ļ	<u> </u>	Acute	Chronic HH /DIA/S1	10/4/0/	3	C Chicago	⊢		T
	0	ı	1	3.1E+03	2.9E+04	,	1	1	2.9E+04	1		J	,	7	2000	1000	╁	-	2	HH (PWS)	E
Fluoranthene	0	ı	1	3.0E+02	3.7E+02	ı	1		3.7E+02	1	!	,	-			ı	1	:		3.1E+03	2.9E+04
Fluorene	Ö	1	1	1.3E+03	1.4E+04	ı	1		1.4E+04	1	1					ı	 I	1		3.0E+02	3.7E+02
Foaming Agents	D	ŀ	i	5.0E+02	1	1	1		. 1	:	ı			1	ı	ı	1	:		1.3E+03	1.4E+04
Guthion	.0	ı	1.0E-02	ı	ı	1	5	1			İ	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1	:		5.0E+02	ı
Heptachlor ^c	0	5.2E-01	3.8F-03	2 1F-03	2 1E-03	5.25.04		, 40,00	, L	ı	ı			I		ı	ı		1.0E-02		;
Heptachlor Epoxide ^C	0	5 2F-01	3 85-03	1 OF 03	1 1 1 2				3 5	:	ı	·	ı	:	ı	1	1		3.8E-03	2.1E-03	2.1E-03
Hexachlorobenzene	¢		3	20 12	2 2				1.1E-03	1	ŀ	1	ı	1	t	1	1	5.2E-01 3	3.8E-03	1.0E-03	1.1E-03
Heverhoren indicano	5 (:	:	7.25-03	/./E-03	ı	1		7.7E-03	ı	:	1	:	t	1	ı	,	1	,	7.5E-03	7.7E-03
Hexachlorocyclohexane	0	1	ı	4.4E+00	5.0E+02	1	-	4.4E+00 €	5.0E+02	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	4.4E+00	5.0E+02
Alpha-BHC ^c	0	ì	I	3.9E-02	1.3E-01	ŀ	1	3.9E-02	1.3E-01	ı	:	1									
Hexachlorocyclohexane													·	1	ı	I	1	ı	:	3.9E-02	1.3E-01
Hexachlorocyclohexane	0	I	ı	1.4E-01	4.6E-01	ı	1	1.4E-01	4.6E-01	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1.4E-01	4.6E-01
Gamma-BHC ^c (Lindane)	0	9.5E-01	ı	1.9E-01	6.3E-01	9.5E-01	ı	1.9E-01	6.3E-01	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	1		9.5F.01		4 at 04	20 H
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			i	7 4 11.00	70.07		•						•					10.0	ı	10-16-1	5.3E-U1
Hexachloroethane ^C) c	ł	:	2.4E+U2	1.7 = 104	1			1.7E+04	1	1		ı	1	;	1	,	;	1	2.4E+02	1.7E+04
Hydronen Sulfide	, c	ŀ	1 1		0.6	1		1.9E+01 8	8.9E+01	ı	:	ı	ı	ı	ı	;		:	1	1.9E+01	8.9E+01
Indeno (1.2.3-cd) avrene ^C	> <	ŀ	2.05+00	1 1	1 1	1	Ş		1	ı	;	1	1	ı	;		1	- 2	2.0E+00	1	1
200 (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2)	> 0	1	ı	4.4E-02	4.9E-01	1	ı		4.9E-01	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	4.4E-02	4.9E-01
Secondoor	-	ı	ı	3.0E+02	;	1	1		1	ı	ı	:	ı	1	ŀ	:		;	1	3.0E+02	
	-	1	ı	3.6E+02	2.6E+04	1		3.6E+02	2.6E+04	ı	t	1	1	ı	ı	;	1	ı	1	3.6E+02	2.6E+04
e bole	.	1	0.0E+00	:	1		0.0E+00	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ŀ	1	:	;	1	0	0.0E+00	;	1
Lead	0.	4.9E+01	5.6E+00	1.5E+01	ı	4.9E+01	5.6E+00	1.5E+01	;	1	ı	ı	1	ı	1	,	1	4.9E+01 5	_	1.5E+01	1
Malathion	0	ı	1.0E-01	:	1	ı	1.0E-01	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	:	ı	ı				
Manganese	0	ı	ı	5.0E+01	ı	1	ı	5.0E+01	1	ı	ı	:	1	1	t	;	1	:		5.0E+01	,
Mercury	ø	1.4E+00	7.7E-01	5.0E-02	5.1E-02	1.4E+00	7.7E-01		5.1E-02	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	-	9	5	5.0E-02	5.1F-02
Methyl Bromide	0	ı	ı	4.8E+01	4.0E+03	1	,	4.8E+01	4.0E+03	1	ı	;	ı	1	1	i				4.8E+01	4.0E+03
Methoxychlor	0	1	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	ı	ŀ	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	1	1	1	į	1	ı	ı	1	1	۱ ا	3.0E-02	1.0E+02	
Mirex	0	ı	0.0E+00	ı	ı	1	0.0E+00	ı	ŀ	ı	ı	1	1	t	ı	ı	,	1		!	
Monochlorobenzene	0	ı	1	6.8E+02	2.1E+04	ŀ	1	6.8E+02	2.1E+04	ı	ı	ı	1	ŀ	ı	ţ	1	ı		6.8E+02	2.1F+04
Nickei	0	1.0E+02	1.1E+01	6.1E+02	4.6E+03	1.0E+02	1.1E+01 (6.1E+02 4	4.6E+03	1	ı	1	1	1	:	ı		1.0E+02 1	1.1E+01	6.1E+02	4.6E+03
Nitrate (as N)	0	1	ı	1.0E+04	:	ı	1	1.0E+04	:	1	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ł	·			1.0E+04	1
N-Mitrosodimothulamino	ɔ .	ı	1	1.7E+01	1.9E+03	ı			1.9E+03	ı	ı	1	,	ı	1	ı		:	,	1.7E+01	1.9E+03
N-Mitrosodinbonvlamino ^C	o (I	:	6.9E-03	8.1E+01	ı	ı		8.1E+01	;	ı	ı	1	r	1	ı	1	ı	:	6.9E-03	8.1E+01
N-Nitrocodi o prondomino	۰ (1	ı	5.0E+01	1.6E+02	:	1		1.6E+02	ı	ı	1	-	ı	1	ı	ı	:	1	5.0E+01	1.6E+02
al milionodorular consolution of	9 '	1	1	5.0E-02	1.4E+01	1	ı	5.0E-02	1.4E+01	ı	1	1	,	ı	ı	1		:	1	5.0E-02	1.4E+01
PCB_4046	۱ ۵	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	ı	1	6.5E-02	1.3E-02	}	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	6.5E-02 1	1.3E-02	ı	!
1010	0	1	1.4E-02	i	1	ŀ	1.4E-02	;	1	ı	ı	1	1	ı	1	1	1		1.4E-02	1	1
PCB-1221	0	1	1.4E-02	:	ı	ı	1.4E-02	1	1	ı	t	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	;	1.4E-02	:	;
1232	0	1	1.4E-02	į	ı	ı	1.4E-02	;	,	ŀ	ı	1	-	ı	1	;	1	,	1.4E-02	:	ı
PCB-1242	0	:	1.4E-02	1	ı	1	1.4E-02	1	ł	1	1	1	,	:	1	;	!	;	1.4E-02	;	
PCB-1248	0	ı	1.4E-02	ŀ	ı	ı	1 4E-02	ı	í	1	ı	t	1	1	ı	;		1	1.4E-02		1 1
PCB-1254	ó	1	1.4E-02	ŀ	ı	1	1.4E-02	ı	ı	ı	ı	1		ı	ı	ı	-	;	1.4E-02		
PCB Total	۰ ،	1	1.4E-02	1		I	1.4E-02	ı	ì	ţ	í	1	ı	t	ı	;	;		1.4E-02	ŀ	ı
		:	!	1./E-03	1.7E-03			1.7E-03	1.7E-03			1	1	1	ı		1	:	:	1.7E-03	1.7E-03

Parameter	Background		Water Qua	Water Quality Criteria			Wasteload	Wasteload Allocations		Ā	Antideoradation Raseline	anjjase	-	A CAPITAL OF	Mark All					
(ng/l unless noted)	, Conc.	Acute	Chronic	Chronic HH (PWS)	壬	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	=	Acreto .	Chronic Litt (Diago)		+	Aniidegrad	Aritidegradation Attocations	ļ	_	Most Limitin	Most Limiting Allocations	
Pentachlorophenol ^c	U	2 2F±01	1 75±04	2 85.400	20,00	10.70	_	704		٧.	Ciliulia nn	LANS)	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	王	Acute	Chronic	HH (PWS)	∄
Phenol	C			2.0L+0.0	0.401	Z.ZE+01	1./E+0.1	00+	8.25+01	1		.l	!	:	1	ı	2.2E+01	1.7E+01	2.8E+00	8.2E+01
00000	ó (ł	i	Z. 1E+04	4.55+06		ı		4.6E+06	ı	ı	1	1	I	i		;	;	2.1E+04	4 6 5 + 0 5
Dadionicidor (n.))	ı	ı	9.6E+02	1.1E+04	١.	ı	9.6E+02	1.1E+04	ı			1	1	ı					20.10.
excent Beta/Photon)	0	1	ı													1	;	ı	9.6E+0Z	1.1E+04
Group Alpha Astinito				1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1		1	1	1	ı	ı	ì	i	١	1
Beta and Photon Activity	O	ı	:	1.5E+01	1.5E+01	t	1	1.5E+01	1.5E+01	ŀ	1	!		ı	ı	ı	ł	ı	1.5F±01	1 5E±01
(mrem/yr)	0	1	1	4.0E+00	4.0E+00	ı	ı	4.0E+00	4.0E+00	ı	,	!								2
Strontium-90	0	ı	ı	8.0E+00	8.0E+00	;	1	8.0E+00	8.0E+00	ı	;	,			I	1	;	:	4.0E+00	4.0E+00
Tritium	. 0	ı	1	2.0E+04	2.0E+04	1	ı	2 0F+04	2 DE+04	I	}	! !	1	1	1	ı	ı	1	8.0E+00	8.0E+00
Selenium	0	2.0E+01	5.0E+00	1.7E+02	1 1F+04	2 OF±01	5.05+00	1 75.402	1 10 10 4		ł	! !	1	1	ı	ı	;	i	2.0E+04	2.0E+04
Silver	0	1.0E+00	. 1		1	101101	200	1.1		I		1	1	ı	1	1	2.0E+01	>5.0E+00	1.7E+02	1.1E+04
Sulfate	0	1		2 5F+05		2	ı	י ו	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	ı	1.0E+00	;	1	;
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane ^c	0	ı	ı	1 7 1 100	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	I	ŀ	2.30.403	ا ان از ا	1	1	1	1	1	ı	ı	ŀ	:	2.5E+05	,
Tetrachloroethylene	Ċ	_				ı	ı	1.7 E+00	1.15+02	1	ı	1	1	1	ł	1	ı	:	1.7E+00	1.1F±02
		ı	ı	8.0E+00	8.9E+01	ì	ı	8.05+00	8.9E+01	ı	1	1	1	1	1	,	,		00.11	1 1
Thallium	0	1	ı	1.7E+00	6.3€+00	ı	ŀ	1.7E+00	6.3E+00	ı	ı	!	-	1	1		ı	ì	0.0	8.3E+U1
Toluene	0	ı	1	6.8E+03	2.0E+05	1	ı	6.8E+03	2.0E+05	1	ı	!			I	1	ı	;	1.7E+00	6.3E+00
Total dissolved solids	0	ı	1	5.0E+05	1	ı	ı			1		!		١.	ı	ı	:	;	6.8E+03	2.0E+05
Toxaphene ^c	0	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	7.3E-03	7.5F-03	7.35-01	20E-04	7 3 12 03	7 55 03	ı	١.	1	1	!	ı	1	1	;	5.0E+05	:
Tributyllin		A RE-04	20) -			200	3	ı	1	1	ı	!	1	ı	7.3E-01	2.0E-04	7.3E-03	7.5E-03
		010	0.35-02	I	ı	4.5E-U1	6.3E-02	ŀ	ı	t	1	1		1	1	ı	4.6E-01	6.3E-02	;	
1,2,4-1 richiorobenzene	0	1	ì	2.6E+02	9.4E+02	1	ť	2.6E+02	9.4E+02	t		!		,	1	1	:		. L	: :
1,1,2-1 richloroethane	0	1	;	6.0E+00	4.2E+02	ŀ	1	6.0E+00	4.2E+02	i	1	1		!			ı	ı	7.05+02	3.4E+02
Trichloroethylene C	0	1	ı	2.7E+01	8.1E+02	;	1	2.7E+01	8.1E+02	1	1				I	ı	:	ı	6.0E+00	4.2E+02
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol ^C	0	; 		2.1E+01	6.5F+01	ı	1	2 15401	, n			1	!	t	ļ	1	į	;	2.7E+01	8.1E+02
2-(2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy)				;				4.1E+01	0.35401	ł	1	1	1	ı	1	1	;	ı	2.1E+01	6.5E+01
propionic acid (Silvex)	0	1	ı	5.0E+01	ı	ı	ı	5.0E+01		ı	1	1		,	i					
Vinyl Chloride	0	1	;	2.3E-01	6.1E+01	1	1	2.3E-01	6.1E+01	. 1	ı	!	-				:	ı	5.0E+01	ı
Zinc	ō	6.5E+01	6.6E+01	9.1E+03	6.9E+04	6.5E+01	6.6E+01	9.1E+03	6.9F+04	ŀ				ł	I	1	ŀ	;	2.3E-01	6.1E+01
												:		1	1	1	6.5E+01	6.6E+01	9.1E+03	6.9E+04

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- 1. All concentrations expressed as micrograms/liter (ug/l), unless noted otherwise
- 2. Discharge flow is highest monthly average or Form 2C maximum for Industries and design flow for Municipals
 - 3. Metals measured as Dissolved, unless specified otherwise
 - 4. "C" indicates a carcinogenic parameter
- 5. Regular WLAs are mass balances (minus background concentration) using the % of stream flow entered above under Mixing Information. Antidegradation WLAs are based upon a complete mix.
 - 6. Antideg. Baseline = (0.25(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for acute and chronic
 - = (0.1(WQC background conc.) + background conc.) for human health
- 7. WLAs established at the following stream flows: 1Q10 for Acute, 30Q10 for Chronic Ammonia, 7Q10 for Other Chronic, 30Q5 for Non-carcinogens, Harmonic Mean for Carcinogens, and Annual Average for Dioxin. Mixing ratios may be substituted for stream flows where appropriate.

Metai	Target Value (SSTV)	Note: do not use QL's lower than the
Antimony	1.4E+01	minimum QL's provided in agency
Arsenic	1.0E+01	guidance
Barium	2.0E+03	
Cadmium	3.9E-01	
Chromium III	2.5E+01	
Chromium V1	6.4E+00	
Copper	2.8E+00	
Iron	3.0E+02	
Lead	3.4E+00	
Manganese	5.0E+01	
Mercury	5.0E-02	
· Nickel	6.8E+00	
Selenium	3.0E+00	
Silver	4.2E-01	
Zinc	2.6E+01	

```
6/15/2011 9:28:03 AM
Facility = Clays Mill E.S. - VA0022748
Chemical = Ammonia
Chronic averaging period = 30 WLAa = 4.7
WLAC
Q.L.
\# samples/mo. = 1
\# samples/wk. = 1
Summary of Statistics:
# observations = 1
Expected Value = 9
Variance = 29.16
Variance
C.V. = 0.6

97th percentile daily values = 21.9007

97th percentile 4 day average = 14.9741

97th percentile 30 day average = 10.8544
                        = 0.6
# < Q.L.
                     = 0
Model used = BPJ Assumptions, type 2 data
A limit is needed based on Acute Toxicity
Maximum Daily Limit = 4.7
Average Weekly limit = 4.7
Average Monthly LImit = 4.7
```

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The data are:

Attachment H Ground Water Monitoring

THE GROUND WATER MONITORING RATIONALE IS BASED ON THE FOLLOWING:

The facility utilizes an unlined wastewater stabilization pond as its primary treatment system. On that basis, there is a requirement to perform ground water monitoring to insure continued system integrity. The facility maintains three ground water monitoring wells. Well number one is the up-gradient well and well numbers 2 and 3 are the down-gradient wells. For this reissuance, a review of the submitted data showed possibly elevated levels of chlorides, specific conductance, and nitrates in the down-gradient wells. Based upon the elevated downgradient concentrations, the monitoring frequency was increased from semi-annual to quarterly to ensure that adequate data is available for evaluation. Based on the previously submitted data it appears that the lagoon may be leaking. A permit condition is added that requires the permittee to submit a statistical evaluation report to DEQ to determine the status of the integrity of the lagoon. If it is determined that the lagoon is leaking then a corrective action plan is to be submitted to DEQ that details specific actions to be performed.

Ground Water

Elevation – This is taken at the time of well sampling and helps to verify ground water flow direction. The monitoring frequency is measured once per three months. This sample type and monitoring frequency are in accordance with guidance.

Specific

- Conductance This is a monitoring requirement with no limits. This test provides an indication of dissolved solids which are mobile in the ground water and is a common indicator of the wastewater. The monitoring frequency is once per three months by grab sample. This monitoring frequency and sample type are in accordance with guidance and should be appropriate for assessment of ground water quality and facility operations.
- pH This is a monitoring requirement with no limits. The monitoring frequency is once per three months by grab sample. This monitoring frequency and sample type are in accordance with guidance and should be appropriate for assessment of ground water quality and facility operations.

Ammonia, Nitrate

- Chloride This is a monitoring requirement with no limits. These parameters are mobile in the ground water and are a common indicator of the wastewater. The monitoring frequency for each parameter is once per three months by grab sample. This monitoring frequency and sample type are in accordance with guidance and should be appropriate for assessment of ground water quality and facility operations.
- TOC- This is a monitoring requirement with no limits. This parameter is used, in part, to verify well integrity. The monitoring frequency is once per three months by grab sample. This monitoring frequency and sample type are in accordance with guidance and should be appropriate for assessment of ground water quality and well integrity.
- **Temperature** This is a monitoring requirement with no limits. It is one of the parameters utilized in well purging for verification of stabilization. The monitoring frequency is once per three months by grab sample. This monitoring frequency and sample type are in accordance with guidance.

GROUNDWATER MONITORING DATA CLAYS MILL E.S. - VA0022748

Parameter	Unite	DAIM/1	CANAN	C/A/A/2	P. A.V.A.7.2	2,000							
	Sillo	TANIAI		IMW3	TMM	MW2	MW3	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW1	MW2	MW3
Date		Sep 09	Sep 09	Sep 09	Mar 10	Mar 10	Mar 10	Sep 10	Sep 10	Sen 10	Mar 11	Mar 11	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	67.7	340	, 237	12.5	469	300	59.1	366	220	27 1014	1	TT IPINI
Hd	s.u.s	5.12	5.92	5.45	5.49		3 65		000	7 7		320	877
Ammonia - Nitrogen	mg/l	0	0	0					0.0	0.33		9	5.56
Nitrate - Nitrogen	/ ha							2	0	0	Ω	0	0
יייני מנר יייוו ספרוו	1/8/11	0.43	T.3	0	0	0.71	0	0	1.2	0	C	22	C
Total Organic Carbon	mg/l	3.5	6.5	7.8	5	12.7	14.7	10	757	15.0		1	
Chlorida	1/	0							7:57	77.0	7.77	73.3	7.07
כווסוומש	mg/I	8.6	38.7	39.1	7.6	34.8	25.2	7.2	35.2	37.7	7.1	713	20 /
Temperature	deg C	17.3	15.5	16.1	12.5	11.1	8.9	203	18.4	200) L	4.00.
Dissolved Oxygen	%				127.4		122.5	47.3	77.7	17.7		7	7.71
Fecal Coliform	n/100 mL							?	7.1.7	7.1.	25.0	TT	15.5
Total Phosphorus	mg/L												

Parameter	Units	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW1	MW2	MW3	MW1	CWM	MW/3	17077	2,117	0.10
Date		Apr 08	Apr 08	Apr 08	Aug 08	Aug 08	Aug 08	Sen Of	Son Of	2000	Tot Oo	. 20101	MW3
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	77.1	235	193.5		341	725	מלה מס	Jep oo	och no	reb 09	Feb 09	Feb 09
Hu	= 0	L 7					233		/97	183	31.4	300	207
	.p.;	3.12	2.62	5.7	5.1	5.85	5.35	5.97	9	5.51	5.24	5.78	5 42
Ammonia - Nitrogen	mg/l	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	C				1 0
Nitrate - Nitrogen	mg/l	0.375	1.19	C	0.371	1 05		7020	2 1) (5	5	0
Total One of the						Soil		0.304	cacin	0	0.32	1.2	0
I Otal Olganic Carbon	mg/l	1.02	2.4	2.54	0	1.99	1.98	C	1 80	1 00	0		
Chloride	1/200	2							50.4	00.⊤	9.0	73.7	14.6
,	1/8/1	6.49	45	40.6	5.85	39.3	32.2	6.62	38.7	348	7.7	41.2	7 00
Temperature	deg C	15	13.7	13.4	20.9	16.9	16.6		100	7	5	41.3	700.4
Dissolved Oxygen	%				57.4		10.7		TO:0	Τ.Ο.Ι			
Fecal Coliform	n/100 ml						7.0.7				93.9	32.3	20.7
	2000	.	,					0	0	0			
lotal Phosphorus	mg/L		,					0800	0000	777			
								20.0	0.700				_